

THE MOOSE JAW TIMES.

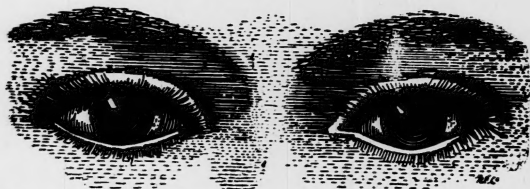
VOL. X.—NO. 48.

MOOSE JAW, N. W. T., FRIDAY, JUNE 2, 1899.

\$1.50 PER ANNUM.

The New Store is Booming

Scores of people are taking advantage of the low prices and are saving money.



Keep Your Eyes Open to the Following Prices :

A nice honey comb roller towel- ling at.....5c. per yard.	Duck suitings, blue with white anchor at.....15c. per yard.	White bed spreads, no dressing in them, full size.....for \$1.00.
We have one thousand yards of flannelette, regular 8c. line, to sell at.....5c. per yard.	Art muslins in fancy patterns, only.....12c. per yard.	Circular pillow cottons, 46 inches wide at.....20c. per yard.
Grey and white flannelette blank- ets.....per pair 90c.	Good strong ticking now selling for only.....12c. per yard.	We are selling high grade linol- eums, 2 yards wide at \$1.25 a yard.
Duck suitings, white with red anchor at.....15c. per yard.	Big range of shirtings in checks and stripes at.....8c. per yard.	We are showing a nice carpet at.....15c. per yard.
A special in table linen. It is worth 75c.; we are selling it at 50c.	You can get six yards of nice summer tweed dress goods, light and dark colors.....for \$1.50.	Ladies' sailors, blue, white, brown and black at.....25c. each.

Just a word to the Farmers !

We are taking Butter and Eggs and will give you Dry Goods and Groceries for them at the above prices.

Remember the place—The New Store.
One price and money back if you want it.

B. CAREY.

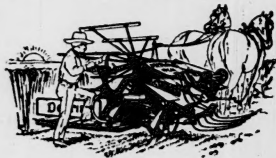
Harness !

Harness !

HERE IS A SNAP !

A fine set of team harness, all hand made from best oak leather, for \$24.00 ; something better for \$26.00, \$28.00 and \$30.00. Single harness for \$8, \$12, \$14, \$15 and up. Sweat pads, 75c. a pair for 11-inch pad. These are the "SUCCESS," sweat pad and have a world wide reputation. As we have the sole agency for this district in these goods you will not be able to procure them from other dealers, so beware of imitation. We have a larger stock of saddles than ever at prices ranging from \$3.25 to \$55.00. These saddles are made by Carson & Shores and are acknowledged to be the best on the continent.

Implements !



Implements !

We have just received a carload of Woodstock wagons, 2 2 1/2 and 3 inch tire. A car load of Canton ploughs now on the way. A car of E. N. Henry & Co's buggies—the same as we sold last year—to arrive soon. We will have a car of Deering mowers and rakes in stock about April 20th ; also a sample of their celebrated light binders. Inspect our implements before purchasing elsewhere and we will convince you that we sell better goods for less money than any other firm in Moose Jaw.

In Boots and Shoes We Have Some Special Values ! Men's split bals for 75c. to \$1.00 ; men's buff congress or bals for \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.25 and \$2.50. These are some special lines that we bought at a bargain and we want to give you the benefit. Call early and get your choice as they will not last long.

R. E. DORAN.

Photographer's Supplies

Hammer Plates,
Ferrotypes,
Blue Paper, Solo Paper.
Developers Mixed.

E. L. COLLING.

ARE YOU FOND OF A GOOD BOOK ?

We have on hand the latest works of standard authors and the latest books by the best writers of the day. The Moose Jaw Circulating Library of Good Literature is now open. Fifteen books for one dollar.

THE BAZAAR

OFFICIAL TIME WAGHORN'S GUIDE. 5c

Brooklands Hog Rancho,

MOOSE JAW, N. W. T.

Very choice dressed hogs for sale weight 100 to 150 lbs.

**Wholesale and Retail :
Inspection Invited !**

For prices write—

R. H. W. HOLT,
Feed wheat wanted. Proprietor.
Farm for sale ; 115 acres ready for crop

REDISTRIBUTION.

THE BILL IS NOW BEFORE PARLIAMENT.

It is Strongly Opposed by the Opposition Who Contend That it is Unconstitutional—The Teslin Lake Railway Again—Friendly Society Insurance.

OTTAWA, May 27, 1899.—In the interval since the last adjournment of the International High Joint Commission, the efforts that have been made in some quarters from the day of its inception to discredit the commission and embarrass its deliberations, have been continued with steady persistence. When the adjournment was announced about three months ago with the intimation that the deliberations would be resumed in the early fall, the Opposition press without exception boldly declared that that was the end of it all, for the plenipotentiaries would never meet again ; and when, three or four weeks ago, a fake despatch from Washington gave what purported to be the views of one of the United States Commissioners that there was no probability of the Commission resuming its deliberations, the statement was eagerly copied into every Conservative paper in Canada with the well satisfied comment, "I told you so." However, it appears to be another case of the wish being father to the thought, and now the authoritative announcement appears that the Commission will not only meet again, but that there is the most encouraging prospect of a successful conclusion being reached on all important points. Of course Opposition leaders are delighted at the prospect of success crowning the efforts of the Government in this direction, at least they profess to be, and of course the Liberals are well pleased, so everybody is satisfied.

THE REDISTRIBUTION BILL.
The Redistribution Bill is before the country, and those members of the Opposition who have so violently assailed it in advance, must be congratulating themselves on their sagacity before the details were made known, for they will find it much more difficult now to offer effective criticism. The Province of Ontario is principally interested, and there the only object sought, as the Premier announced at the beginning of the session, is to remove the glaring imperfections of the redistribution acts of 1882 and 1892, restoring municipal boundaries for Federal election purposes wherever such has been made necessary. There is no

change in the number of representatives, though four constituencies have been obliterated and four new ones created. Of course any change made in the present law would benefit the Liberal party, for the simple reason that the province had been so scientifically gerrymandered to their disadvantage that it could not well be made worse.

THOROUGHLY CONSTITUTIONAL.
The evident intention of the Opposition is to lay all possible stress upon the contention that the constitution contemplates a redistribution only after each decennial census ; but there is no attempt in the present bill to make a general redistribution throughout the country, and consequently the principle is not effected one way or the other. It is never too soon to right a wrong or to remove an injustice, and as this is the only purpose of the bill, there is no necessity for the Government to explain its position further, or to offer any apology for the policy it is pursuing. The preliminary skirmish over the introduction of the bill gives an inkling of the policy the Opposition will adopt in the matter. With the desperation of despair they are evidently prepared to use any and every kind of weapon to their hand—abuse, misrepresentation, appeals to sectional, provincial and racial prejudices will all be pressed into service,—but the Government need feel no apprehension, for the more the measure is discussed the more thoroughly will the country appreciate the fact that it is called for, and that they would be lacking in their duty to the country, and particularly to the gerrymandered constituencies if they allowed another election to be held under the old conditions.

THE TESLIN LAKE RAILWAY.
In view of the fact that the honorable and venerable Senate still appears to be laboring under the delusion that it did great things for itself and the Country when it threw out the Canadian Yukon Railway bill last session, it is of interest to note what Mr. Louis Coste, late chief engineer of the Public Works Department says of the route over which that line proposed to run. Prefacing with the statement that the Stikine river may be navigated from the middle of May to November, Mr. Coste proceeds :—"From all I have heard and seen on the coast, I believe that, being given that the portion from Glenora to Teslin Lake is improved by the construction of a railway or wagon route, the Stikine route will be the cheapest and best inlet into the Yukon territory for all provisions and mining supplies required in that country during the coming season, particularly as it is known by Mr. Hamlin's report that the Hontona River offers no obstacle to navigation, and that the Lewes and Yukon rivers are navigable. A great number of people are anxious to avail themselves of the Stikine route, and therefore most strongly insist upon the necessity of improving at once that part of the route which lies between Glenora and Teslin Lake. Had it been possible to construct the proposed railway between these two points in time for the opening of navigation, I have no doubt that a large majority of the gold-seekers or traders intending to go into the Yukon would have adopted that route."

TRADE LOST TO CANADA.
He further adds, "When the railway over this route is built it would certainly assure to Canadians the vast trade of the Yukon and the larger share of the immense riches contained in that Territory and in the numerous mineral districts of northern British America. Concerning the construction of a telegraph line from Quesnelle, the present terminus of the Government telegraph line to British Columbia, Dawson City, by way of Telegraph Creek, Teslin and Fort Selkirk, I am able to report that the construction of this line would be an easy matter. The country is an open one, in which, however, timber suitable for telegraph poles is plentiful. The average cost per mile should not exceed \$275. It was to be observed that this is an absolutely unprejudiced report, for not only was it prepared before Mr. Coste had any knowledge of the Mackenzie-Mann project, but he has since resigned his position to engage in private business, and therefore had no personal object in view in thus endorsing so strongly the policy of the Government."

HER MAJESTY TOOK THE HINT.
There has been mild surprise expressed in some quarters that Canada has received no share of the birthday honors this year, particularly in view of the fact that this anniversary was a more than memorable one. But the explanation is perhaps not far to seek. A few days ago a letter appeared in the Mail Empire signed by "A Civil Servant" invoking in impassioned and soul-stirring periods, against the bare idea of the bestowal of knighthood upon the Postmaster General and declaring that if such "a monstrous outrage" (as Sir Charles Tupper would observe) were perpetrated he—"a civil servant"—would never again sing "God Save the Queen." Who can imagine for a moment that her most gracious Majesty or her advisers would venture to invite such a reprisal as this? This must be why there are no birthday honors for Canada.

NOTES.
The monthly return of the business transacted by the Government Post Office Savings bank shows an increase of \$35,329 in deposits over April, 1898, while the withdrawals were \$114,927 less. The balance to the credit of depositors on the 30th of April was \$23,851,465 as compared with \$23,851,465 in the same date last year.

The announcement was made by the Minister of Finance this week that the Government did not intend to proceed any further this session with the bill dealing with the question of Friendly Society insurance. The importance of the subject to tens of thousands of Canadians, and the desirability of securing a

more thorough discussion of the question in all its bearings before enacting legislation thereon, has led the Government to decide that the whole subject could be safely left over another year so that the chief governing bodies of the various societies may have the desired opportunity to meet and confer thereon.

\$10.00 Reward.

The Moose Jaw Rifle Association offers the above reward for information that will lead to the conviction of the parties who have been damaging the rifle pits and defacing the targets. That anybody living in Moose Jaw should be guilty of the mean, contemptible tricks that have been played at the range this spring is a matter to be deeply regretted, and nobody should try and shield them.

Holiday and Picnic.

The Moose Jaw Brass Band has arranged for a civic holiday and will give a basket picnic on Friday, June 16th, at the picnic grounds (Annable's Grove) south of town. There will be a football match between Buffalo Lake and Moose Jaw, and also athletic sports, bicycle races, etc. No charge will be made, but the boys expect to defray expenses and make a little extra by selling refreshments at a booth which will be erected on the grounds. Everybody is cordially invited. Young men bring your girls, and girls bring your baskets.

An Early Morning Surprise.

Wednesday morning there was great excitement at the C.P.R. depot and hotel. Waking early, Mr. Smith discovered a strong smell of acetylene gas in the house, and on examination found that it came in through one of the windows from the exhaust pipe of the plant. On going to the gas plant room, which is situated in a small wing of the basement, it was found to be half full of water, which was a sufficient reason for the superabundance of acetylene gas. Where the water came from was easily ascertained. Moose Jaw is situated that all the surface water runs towards the depot, and in order to drain this into Thunder Creek, the C.P.R. purposed putting in a six inch sewer, but were afterwards prevailed upon to increase its capacity to nine inches, the town Council to pay the cost, viz., \$100.00, besides the \$100.00 previously voted. But even the nine-inch sewer was not of sufficient capacity to carry off the water that accumulated at the catch basin from the unusually heavy rain which fell on Tuesday night and Wednesday morning. The water was nearly two feet deep on top of the drainage of the hotel was utilized and by noon nearly all the water had been drained off. It is not likely that the building will suffer any. It was the opinion of some when the sewer was being laid that it was not half large enough, and this experience goes to prove that they were right. The sewer appeared to be working all right and it is to be regretted that a pipe of sufficient capacity for any emergency was not put in when we were about it.

Estevan.

May 31st, 1899.—In celebrating Queen Victoria's 50th birthday Estevan was not behind. We heard a good deal about how Moose Jaw was going to celebrate, and how other places were going to honor the day, but we waited with calm confidence knowing that Estevan would eclipse them all. From early morning people from a distance began to arrive and by noon the town was quite alive with visitors. The spectators were favored with some good sport in the way of horse races, foot races, jumping, etc. At 5 p.m. two football teams lined up for a match and after an hour's hard play the game was declared a draw by referee Murhead. The last event of the day's sport was a tug of war between teams chosen by Messrs. Jno. McTaggart and P. C. Duncan, ending in a victory for McTaggart's men. Ice cream, bananas, etc., were very much in evidence during the day.—Miss Irene Scott, daughter of Mr. Thos. Scott, of Alameda, who is visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Perry, was taken sick with last Thursday and for a few days was in a critical condition, but we are pleased to say she is now much better and we expect to see her around in a few days.—We were favored with a visit from Mr. Norquay of the Crown Lands office, Alameda. Mr. N. is a son of ex-Premier Norquay of Manitoba. Rev. Tate is away this week attending the district meeting at Indian Head.

Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets,
at all Druggists, 35 Cents a Box—60 Tablets.

CHAPTER VI.

1. O ye of little faith in remedies and doctors !
2. How shall ye be filled with the knowledge that the tortures of dyspepsia may be relieved in an instant ?
3. Try Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets because they are prompt in correcting all derangement of the stomach and absolutely cure the worst form of dyspepsia.
4. These tablets are wonders and all druggists sell them—60 in a box at 35 cents a box.

Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets are free from all chemicals that ruin the stomach to give temporary relief. The action of these tablets is soothing and healing and the fruit pulp of the pineapple vitalizes the natural digestive juices to assist in a natural cure.

Robinson & Hamilton.

THE PILGRIM SHIP.

By OUTLIFFE HYNE.

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CHAPTER I.

Even before he left Jeddah Captain Kettle was quite aware that by shipping pilgrims on the iron decks of the Saigon for transit across the Red sea he was transgressing the laws of several nations, especially those of Great Britain and her dependencies, but what else could the poor man do? Situated as he was, with such a tempting opportunity ready to his hand, he would have been less than human if he had neglected to take the bargain which was offered, and, though the list of things that have been said against Captain Owen Kettle is both black and long, I am not aware that any one has yet alleged that the little sailor was anything more or less than human in all his many frailties.

Cortolvin came to the charthouse and put this matter of illegality to him in plain words when the engines chose to break down two days out of Jeddah, and the Saigon lolled helplessly in the blazing Red sea heat.

Cortolvin up to that time had not made himself remarked. He had marched on board from the new Jeddah quay, where the railway is, and posed as an Arab of the Sahara who was glorifying in the newly acquired green turban of a haji. He was nicknamed on the mate's tally as a "nigger," along with some 350 other dark skinned followers of the prophet, and had spent those two days upon an orthodox square of ragged carpet spread on the rusted iron plating of the lower fore deck. When the pilgrims were mustered for venturing, he had lied in with the rest and held out a brass lotah for his ration of water and a tattered square of canvas for his dose of stoned rice. You could count his ribs 20 yards away, but he'd the look of a healthy man, and when on mornings he helped to throw overboard those of his fellow pilgrims who had died during the night it was plain to see that he was a fellow of more than ordinary muscular strength.

He came to Captain Kettle, in the charthouse, to report that the pilgrims contemplated seizing the Saigon as soon as ever the engines were once more put in running order. "They've declared a jihad against you, if you know what that is," said Cortolvin.

"A holy war, or some such sillies, isn't it?" said Kettle.

"That's about the size of it," said the haji. "You'll have to look out if you intend to remain master of this steam boat."

"I don't require any teaching my business from passengers," said Captain Kettle stiffly.

"All right," said Cortolvin. "Have it your own way. But I think you might be decently grateful. I've risked my life by coming to give you news of what was in the wind, and you can't pretend that the information is not useful. You've a cool crew who will be absolutely foolish if trouble comes. These heathen always do that way. You've just your two white engineers and two white mates to back you up, and the five of you wouldn't have a show. You've 340 fanatics to deal with, who are all fighting bred and fighting fit. They're all well armed, and they wouldn't a bit object to the scrimmaging in such a cause. You know it's part of their creed that if they peg out with fighting glances they go stick to paradise by lightning express. That wild old camel driver of Mecca painted his heaven as just the sort of dandy place to suit this kind of cattle, and as most of them have a beast of a time on this earth they're anxious to move along up stairs wherever a decent opportunity offers to get there."

"They'll be an ugly crowd to tackle. I grant that."

"You are right, and don't you forget it. I might point out, captain, that, personally speaking, I'd be a lot safer if I'd staid down on the lower fore deck yonder and held my tongue. They'd have got you to an absolute certainty if they ambushed you as was intended, and I could have kept out of the actual thrusting and preserved a sound skin. They've all got a profound respect for me. I'm a very holy man."

"And as it is?"

"Haji Cortolvin shrugged his shoulders. "Oh, I chip in with you!"

"If you'll tell me why?"

"Cousinship of the skin, I suppose. You're white by birth, and I believe I should turn out to be white also if I kept out of the sun for awhile and had several Turkish baths. Of course I've a snuff colored hide on me now, and during this last two years I've been living with men of color and following their ways and thinking their thoughts. Funny, isn't it? I come across you. I don't know you from Adam. I can't say I particularly like what I've seen of you, and yet here am I, rounding on you on the clear knowledge that I shall probably get killed during the next few hours for my pains."

"May I ask your name?" said Kettle.

"I believe, sir," he added, with a bow, "that you are a gentleman."

The haji laughed. "So far as I recollect I was that once, captain. Sorry I haven't a card on me, but my name's W. H. Cortolvin, and I lived near Richmond, in Yorkshire, before I was idiot enough to go wandering off the Cook's tourist routes into the middle of Arabia."

"I'm Welsh myself," said Kettle, "but I've known men from Yorkshire. Shake hands, sir, please. Will you have a whiskey peg?"

"Pour it out, captain. I haven't tasted a Christian drink for 30 weary months. And you've got a chattle hung up in the drafts of that port. Cool water, ye gods! Bismillah! But it is good to be alive sometimes."

Captain Kettle looked with distaste at the haji's attire. "Won't you sling that filthy nightgown thing of yours

overboard," he asked, "and have a wash? I can rig you out with some pyjamas from the slop chest."

But Cortolvin would not change his dirt and squalor just then. He had worn it said he, "I don't want to advertise the fact that I'm an Englishman just at present. My dear friends down yonder on the lower deck know it, they'd not wait for the engines to be repaired. They'd fizzle up just like gunpowder there and then, and the whole lot of us white men would be pulled into tassels before we'd time to think."

"I don't know about that," said Kettle. "I've faced some of the ugliest crowds that have floated on the seas before this, and they thought they were going to have it all their own way, and they found when it came to shooting that I could keep my end up very handily."

He waved his guest to a deck chair, placed a box of cheroots hospitably open on the chart table, and then he went outside the charthouse and leaned over the bridge deck rail. The awning above him threw a clean cut shade which swung to and fro as the Saigon rolled over the faint, oily swell, and outside its shelter the sun's rays fell like molten brass and the metal work was hot enough to raise a blister. The air was motionless and stagnant and greasy with the smell of humanity. The whole fabric of the steamer shimmered in the dancing heat.

For the dense mass of pilgrims below the situation approached the intolerable. Left to itself, the rusted iron deck beneath their bare skins would have grown hot enough to char them. Nothing but a constant sluicing with water made it in any way to be endured, and as the water from alongside came up to them as warm as tea it did but little to refresh. The African can withstand most temperatures which are thrown from above on to the face of this planet, but even the African can at times die from heat as glibly as his betters. Even as Kettle watched one of the pilgrims, a grizzle headed Hausa from the western Sudan, was contorted with heat apoplexy, breathed stertoriously for a minute or so and then lay still and immediately became a prey to flies innumerable. Two of his nearest comrades bestirred themselves to look at him, pronounced that life was extinct, stood up and, with an effort, carried the body out of the press and heaved it over the hot iron bulwark into the oily sea beneath. It is not good that the dead should remain with the quick even for minutes in circumstances such as those, and while the bearers carried him away an old white haired negro from Sokoto stood upon his feet, swaying to the roll of the ship, and faced the heat blurred east with bowed head. Aloud he bore witness that God was great and that Mohammed was the prophet of God and that of mortals each man's fate was writ big upon his forehead, and then the rest of the pilgrims bent their foreheads to the torturing deck plates and made profession of the faith, following his words.

Captain Kettle from his stand against the rail of the bridge deck pitied the heathen and thought with a complacent sigh of a certain obscure chapel in South Shields, in at the same time he could not avoid being impressed by the heathens' constancy. They might die, but they forbore to curse God in doing it, and the omission gave him an insight into the workings of fatalism, which made him think more of what Cortolvin had said. Every man among the pilgrims had sword or spear or mace or rifle within grip of his fist, and as a fighting force, with fatalism to back them, he began to realize that they could make a very ugly company to maneuver against. A regulation of the pilgrim trade requires that all weapons shall be taken from this class of passengers during the voyage, but Kettle had omitted to disarm them through sheer contempt for what they could do. If they chose to fight among themselves, that was their own concern. If never even occurred to him as they came off Jeddah quay noisy and odoriferous that they would dare to contend against his imperial will, but now he sincerely wished that the means of serious offense were not so handy to their fingers. I do not say that he was afraid, for, knowing him well, I honestly believe that the little ruffian has never yet feared man that was born of woman, but the safety of the Saigon was a

Polish Jehus.

To drive slowly over cobblestones is not a Russian drive. On Russian horses a gallop over cobblestones was something to make you bite your tongue and to break your teeth and to shake your very soul from its socket. I most solemnly assure you it was anything but a simple drive to one fresh from the asphalt of Paris, for like Jehus they drove furiously. Their horses are all wild, runaway beasts, and they drive them at an uneven gallop resembling the gait of our fire-engine horses at home, except that ours go more slowly. Sometimes the horses fall down as they drive across country, or stop and kick up stone walls or stones. The carriages make a dull, runaway gallop, for the front wheels drop a few feet into a burrow every now and then, and at such times an unwary American is liable to be pitched over the coachman's head. "Hold on with both hands, shut your eyes, and keep your tongue from between your teeth," would be my instructions to one about to "take a drive" in Poland. Lillian Bell, in The Woman's Home Companion.

Those Modest Japanese.

Here is a matrimonial advertisement that is hard to take seriously. A lady who calls herself Hosojoshi seeks a husband in The Kanazawa Shimbun, a Japanese paper. She describes herself thus: "I am a beautiful woman, with cloud-like hair, flowery face, willow-like waist, and crescent eyebrows. I have enough property to walk through life hand in hand gazing at flowers in the day and the moon at night. If there is a gentleman who is clever, learned, handsome, and of good taste, I will join with him for life and share the pleasure of being buried in the same grave."

To this an answer comes from a gentleman who signs himself Ariwara Mitsunji, whose advertisement runs as follows: "I am the greatest genius of the present time, and people regard me as the handsomest man in Kanazawa. If the lady sees me but once she will be unable to restrain her love for me. I will fix any place and day for our meeting."

Rewards.

"Willie," asked the Sunday school teacher, "what will happen to you if you are a good boy?"

"I'll get a big apple."

"And if you're a bad boy?"

"I'll get two apples for promising mamma to be good."—Philadelphia Call.

To be continued.

THE R P SERVATIVE.

Some Things Connected with the Printing Press and Books That Are Worth Knowing.

The first printing press was brought into England by a merchant named Caxton, who for the first time enjoyed the favor of the Duchess of Burgundy, sister of Edward IV, of England, and in 1476 imported from Germany a printing outfit, which he established in a building adjoining Westminster Abbey, especially for the purpose of publishing his translation of the history of Troy ("Recueil des Histoires de Troyes"). It was the first English book ever printed, and in 1485 a copy was sold by the Earl of Jersey to Bernard Quaritch in London for \$9,100.

"The Game and Play of the Chesse" copies have been sold as high as \$1,300. The first English book ever written and printed in England (1489) was "Dilectio et Sayings of the Philosophers," of which only four copies are known. One of them was sold last year by the Earl of Ashburnham for \$7,600.

The first book printed in America was "The Bay Psalm Book," by Juno, Cromberger, in the City of Mexico, 1539. So far as known there is not a copy in existence. The second was "Doctrina Breve," by Juan Zumarraga, the first Bishop of Mexico. It was printed by Cromberger in 1543 and copies have been sold as high as \$2,300.

The first book printed in the United States was "The Freeman's Oath," by Stephen Daye, who established the first printing press in that country. The second publication was a slip containing a poem entitled, "The Freeman's Oath." The next book was a metrical version of the psalms called the Bay Psalm Book, 1693. Copies are very rare. It is one of the most valuable books in the world.

The highest price ever paid for a modern book was \$2,800 for an unexpurgated edition of Burns in the Scottish dialect. The highest price ever paid for a copy of Shakespeare was \$4,300. In 1890, the Marquis of Blandford for a copy of the first edition of Boccaccio's "Decamerone." Other examples of the same edition have sold as low as \$4,540.

Another very expensive book was "The Noble Histories of King Arthur." Only one copy is known to exist in existence, which was sold by the Earl of Jersey to a New York gentleman for \$9,750.

The first edition of "The Canterbury Tales," printed by Caxton, of which only two copies are known, has sold for \$5,000, \$5,100 and \$9,400.

The first edition of "Robinson Crusoe" (1719) sells for \$25. The first editions of Isaac Walton's "Compleat Angler" (1653) have sold for \$2,075. The first edition of the "Vicar of Wakefield," printed in 1776, sold for \$300; the first edition of "Paradise Lost" for \$450; the first edition of Milton's complete works, containing the earliest books in the English language, and formerly belonged to Bishop Heber. Some biographical details on the life leaves in his handwriting greatly increase its value. A copy of Capt. John Smith's "True Relation," printed in 1616, sold for \$1,425.

The highest price paid for an American book last year was \$10,000 for a copy of the Rev. Mr. Cushman's sermon "On the Danger of Self-Love," which was preached at Boston shortly after the settlement of that place. It is the only copy known of the first sermon ever printed in America, and is one of the most valuable books in the country. The carriage made by Charles Deane, from which it was purchased by the Massachusetts Historical Society.

The highest price paid for an autograph last year was \$10,000 for a letter from William Bradford to Governor Winthrop concerning the colony of Massachusetts, which was written a few months after the landing of the Pilgrims.

A NECKLACE OF LOVE.

No rubies of red for my lady—No jewels that glitter and charma. But the light of the skies in a little one's eyes. And a necklace of two little arms.

Of two little arms that are clinging (Oh, never was a necklace like this!) And the wealth of the world and love's sweetest imperials. In the joy of a little one's kiss.

A necklace of love for my lady. That was linked by the angels above. No other but this—and the tender, sweet kiss. That sealeth a little one's love. —Frank L. Stanton.

THE WOLF SLAYER.

The prince threw the reins to his servant and sprang from the sledge. "Where is he?" demanded he.

The muzhik in the doorway of the hut stood bowing to the ground. He did not presume to lift his eyes to the high noble, but they had flashed up like signal fires at the words; yet he affected not to understand.

"Is it the old man, Ivan Ivanovitch, the high noble would honor with his command?" he began. "His servant is full of regret."

"Both Ivan Ivanovitch!" interrupted the prince impatiently. "What do I want with your father? If Ivanka, your son, I come to see—the little one who slew the wolf. At least," he added quickly, "with a shrug," "so they say, but I do not believe it. Why, it is impossible! A child—a mere puppy!"

The muzhik had thrown out his hands. He could contain himself no longer. "The high noble does not believe?" he cried wildly. Then he rushed into the house to return in a moment brandishing in one hand a knife and in the other holding aloft a shaggy hide.

"The noble prince does not believe?" he repeated, and his eyes seemed to emit sparks. "Let him behold the proofs, Ivanka, my little one, slew the wolf in very truth. Alone—alone he slew it."

As though a flash of electric fire had flown from the man's lips direct to the hearts of his listeners the faces of both flamed up. The man in the sledge lifted his cap and crossed his hands with fervent mutterings. He passed the cuff of his coat across his wet, shining eyes.

The prince took the knife in his hand. Such a thing it was! You can buy the like for 20 kopecks (about sixpence) at any Russian fair—one of the sort used by the Russian peasant to cut forage, having a crooked blade and horn handle. It was stained, both blade and hilt, with blood.

"I have bought another for use," observed the peasant.

"It is wonderful," murmured the prince as he turned the knife about in his hands. At this juncture a pair of excited black eyes surmounted by a huge baranka peered round the corner of the hut and as quickly vanished.

Presently the prince looked up. "But the boy!" he cried. "Let us see this wonderful child and hear the story from his own lips."

The peasant looked sharply round.

"He was here even when the high noble drew up. There are the hatchet and the wood he was chopping. Ivanka, Ivanka! He has hidden himself, the rascal."

The prince laughed.

"Muzhik! Ivanka!" almost shrieked the peasant. "I will teach you to run and hide when the high nobility come from far and near to see you. By all the saints, if you do not instantly come forth from your hiding hole and relate the whole occurrence in your own body."

Then it was that a coat of sheepskin that just cleared the ground emerged from behind the hut and moved slowly over the trodden snow to within a few paces of the prince. You could only tell by the shining eyes and the tip of a small red nose that peeped between the high staked up collar that inside of it was a small boy.

Where he stood the blood red sun bathed him in heroic glory. Yet in spite of all Ivanka, the wolf slayer, had the mien of a fruit stealing culprit before the chinovnik. The prince regarded him with mock severity.

"What is this I hear of you, Ivanka?" he began. "They say that you have slain a wolf!"

Ivanka would have hung his head but that his collar prevented it; so he dropped his eyes in guilty silence. The peasant, behind the prince's back, rubbed his hands and chuckled.

"Come here!" commanded the prince, his mustached lip twitching with a whimsical smile.

The coat moved to the prince's feet. Then the small boy inside it felt himself caught up in strong arms and borne into the hut. Now, though it was a ruddy winter sunset outside, in the hut it was quite gloomy. The window was very small. A dull yellow glow, like a big bullseye, came from the open door of the stove and a glimmer like a glowworm from the tiny lamp that burned before the holy image. The dim outline of a woman with a child in her arms could be discerned by the stove. She came forward as the prince entered and, bending low, raised the hem of his fur mantle to her lips and silently returned to her seat.

The prince sat by the window, and Ivanka stood between his knees, where he had been placed. He trembled inside his sheepskin, yet it was a gentle hand that lifted the baranka from his curly head and raised his chin.

"How old are you, Ivanka?" inquired the prince.

"Ten years, noble prince," faltered the boy; but, his eyes meeting those of the prince at that moment, he ceased to tremble.

ble and the longer he looked the more comfortable he felt.

"And you have slain a wolf?" continued the prince.

"Yes, noble prince."

"And what had the wolf done to you, Ivanka, that you should have slain his life?"

"He had seized our little Minka and would have eaten her up." Ivanka drew a sharp breath.

"How terrible!" exclaimed the prince. "But you—midge! How did you dare to tackle such a foe? It is incredible! Come, tell me all about it. Begin at the beginning, Ivanka."

Ivanka gazed at the ground in silence. He twisted one leg round the other and cracked all his knuckles in succession, but the words would not come.

"Speak, Ivanka, do," came a woman's coaxing voice from the gloom. "Tell his high nobility how it happened."

Another pause and at length, in a shy, hesitating voice, Ivanka began:

"Mother had gone to the town in the sledge, and father lay asleep on the top of the stove. It was afternoon. I was minding Minka, and we played at having a shop with the bits of pot from the mug and broken crockery. Then I remembered it was time to cut the fodder and feed the beasts which I can do as well as father now. So I took the fodder knife and stole out. I left the door open a bit, not enough to let the cold in on father, but enough to hear Minka if she cried. I had fed the cows in the byre and had got to the corner of the house coming back when I heard Minka scream."

As Ivanka uttered the last word his breath came fast. He tossed back his locks with a sudden jerk of the head. Like a gladiator preparing for combat he threw out his chest, setting his teeth, while his small, muscular fingers contracted, clenching in like the claws of a falcon. Forgotten was the princely presence with that piteous appeal smiting his ears.

"I sprang forward," he continued, "and saw Minka. She was on the ground just outside the door, and over her hung a monstrous grim and terrible. His wicked eyes gleamed red, and his cruel teeth were long and sharp. I saw them as he lifted his bristling lip to seize her in his jaws."

A dry sob rose in Ivanka's throat and made him pause. He coughed it impatiently away.

"It seemed to me then—just for a moment of horror—as the ghastly limbs were bound and I could not move, until the beast began to drag Minka away. At the sight strength came to me, and, with a yell, I threw myself upon him."

"You were not afraid?" put in the prince, who had never taken his eyes off Ivanka, since he began to speak.

"I did not think of fear," replied Ivanka. "I thought of my poor little Minka, and, oh, how fiercely I hated that monster! Hate kills fear," he added reflectively.

"And then?" inquired the prince.

"Oh, then," he dropped Minka and over and over we rolled in the snow, he snarling and worrying my sheepskin. He would have made an end of me but for my sheepskin." And the boy patted his breast and looked himself over complacently.

"And after?" the prince again recalled him.

"After that he shook me until my bones rattled in my skin. Then I was under him, and my mouth was full of his hair, and I was so spent that I would have let him finish me, but Minka cried, 'Ivanka, Ivanka!' and it seemed to me the claws of a bear. It was that moment I remembered that I still grasped the knife."

"How I struggled round between his mighty paws until my arm was free to plunge the weapon in his throat I know not, but I felt the blood gush out over my hands. And then Minka came and I went further and further away, and I seemed to be falling as a star falls through the air."

As Ivanka ceased speaking a half stifled sob was heard from the interior of the room. The prince had covered his eyes with his hand as though to shut out the sun had gone down and the place was more gloomy than ever. The peasant stepped forward out of the shadows and stood before the prince in the dim light of the window. He took up the tale.

It was the screams of the little one that awoke me, your high nobility, and I ran out. Ah, never shall I forget the sight that met my eyes! There lay my little son, dabbled in blood, and beside him the wolf on its back, kicking in death convulsions. When I picked up my Ivanka, I thought him dead, and my heart would have broken had he not at once opened his eyes."

"Minka," he whispered—"Is she hurt?"

"My darling, no," answered the peasant so lustily to be hurt."

"And the wolf?" He raised his head from my shoulder and looked wildly across at me.

"He is dead. You have slain him, my hero," I assured him.

"Then he shut his eyes with a great sigh."

"Let me sleep, father," he murmured. "I am so tired."

The peasant chuckled. "He was played out, my little wolf slayer. The noble prince should have seen how he lay like a sack and slept and slept."

Meanwhile Ivanka had grown shy again and gazed wistfully toward the door; but the prince still held him between his knees. Even when he rose to go the high noble detained the boy with a hand on his head.

"Give him to me," he said to the peasant. "Let me take him with me when I go to Petersburg. I will make a great man of him. He shall be a soldier and fight for the czar."

There was dead silence. The peasant's

face had gone crimson. His eyes flew to his son and held him in jealous regard.

"Will you go with me, Ivanka, you wolf slayer, to help keep the human wolves from invading the dominions of the czar? You shall be taught with the sons of the highest in the land and shall wear the uniform of an imperial cadet."

Ivanka raised solemn eyes to the face that was bent toward him. It was a noble face, handsome and benign, and posing against the swelling sable of the high collar.

"He is great and good and beautiful, like my patron saint, Ivan," he thought. Something stirred in the gloom of the but, and quickly Ivanka turned to where his mother sat with the sleeping Minka in her lap. His lip began to quiver.

"The peasant found his tongue. 'Give him time, noble prince,' he faltered huskily, and he, too, looked toward the crouching figure by the stove. 'It is a great thing the high noble offers, but the boy is very young.'

"Take your time," replied the prince. "In the spring I shall return. Then, since you are sensible people, he will be ready to go."

With these words the great man stooped and kissed Ivanka, pressing a roll of notes into his hand. From the door Ivanka watched the prince depart. He gazed after the fine sledge with its prancing horses as they sped swift as the wind toward the wonderful, mysterious city of the great czar. When it had disappeared and the merry jingle of the silver bells no longer reached his ear, it was to him as though a bright noonday sun had suddenly dawned from the heavens. "And there and then a feeling of longing after greater things crept into his valiant little heart."

"You shall decide for yourself, my son," said the peasant, and the mother hid her grief because she wished Ivanka to be a great man."

Thus it was that when the spring came to stir the sap in the trees and release the icebound brooks at the return of the prince Ivanka was ready to go.—Mark Eastwood in Strand Magazine.

Mature Consideration.

Miss Peachbloss—Was your marriage to old Moneybags the result of love at first sight?

Mrs. Moneybags—No, of second thought.—Kansas City Independent.

A Harsh Requirement.

If a man would keep his opinions to himself, no one would deny his right to them.—St. Louis Manufacturer.

Making a Bluff.

"What do you want?" sharply asked the lady of the house as a stranger walked around to the back door of the dwelling.

"Nothing at all, ma'am," snavely replied the stranger, bowing. "I was just making a bluff. I got put off a street car and the conductor stood on the platform grinning at me, so I just walked into the nearest yard to make him think I had reached my destination."

Not His Fault.

"I don't know," said the doctor who was examining the applicant for insurance. "I'm afraid there may be trouble over your expansion. It isn't so great as it ought to be."

"Oh," replied the man, "if that's all, we can soon remedy it. I'll move out of my flat into a house where I may practice for a week or two and get back into my old form, if you say so."—Chicago News.

A Winner.

Druggist—I have invented a rattling good cough medicine.

Friend—A sure cure, eh?

Druggist—No, but after a man has taken one bottle he acquires the habit and can't get along without it.—New York Journal.

Following Suit.

Merchant Tailor—Shirts? Yes, sir. How would you like to have them made up? In this style?

Customer—That's all right. Only I'd like a little better quality of linings in the collars and cuffs.—New York World.

A TIMELY JEST.

But Nevertheless a Very Ill Advised One.

"I went your advice," said the manager to the low comedian. "This piece that we are playing now doesn't seem to catch on, and I want to put on something new. What kind of a play do you think would be suitable?"

"Let me see," replied the comedian. "You want to put the new play on about the 1st of May. I suppose?"

"Yes, I do."

"In that case," continued the funny man, "I think an emotional play would be very appropriate."

"I don't see why that should be particularly appropriate to the 1st of May," objected the manager.

"Because it is moving, you know," laughed the comedian. Then, seeing that the manager did not smile, he added, "First of May is moving day, see?"

"Oh!" said the manager.

The comedian is now looking for a job.—New York Journal.



NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA, ITS NATURE AND RATIONAL TREATMENT.

Nervousness and dyspepsia frequently go hand in hand, each ailment encouraging the other. When the nervous system becomes weak and exhausted, the gastric nerves of the stomach are powerless to control the supply of digestive fluids, and digestion is at once impaired. Reacting on the nerves the imperfect digestion of the food lessens the supply of nourishment for the nerves and increases their weakness.

The trouble begins with exhausted, worn-out nerves, and the rational treatment is to strengthen the nerves, restore to the gastric nerves their functions and make good digestion possible. To accomplish this the nerves must be supplied with such nourishment as is contained in

DR. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD,

the world's most famous remedy for diseases of the nerves.

THE TIMES

Published Every Friday.

Grayson Block, Main Street.

Moose Jaw, N. W. T.

THE TIMES PRINTING CO.

Thos. Miller, Manager.

Subscription, \$1.50 per year.

Schedule of Advertising Rates on Application.

Advertisements of Wages, To Let, Lost, Found, etc., when under 1 inch, will be inserted for 25c.; subsequent insertions 25c. each. All transient advertisements, such as By-laws, Mortgages and Sheriff Sales, Assignments and also Government and Corporation notices, inserted once for 12c. per line; subsequent insertions 5c.—solid newspaper measurement.

JOB PRINTING

Our job department is equipped with every appliance necessary for turning out first class work at shortest notice. Prices moderate.

The Moose Jaw Times.

"And what is writ, is writ,—
Would it were worthier!" —Byron.

FRIDAY, JUNE 2, 1899.

A SUGGESTION

"All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy." This old English proverb is full of truth and force. In all times and among all races it has ever been recognized that mental vitality is best secured by physical vitality. "A sound mind in a sound body," was a proverb among the Romans, and the English adage but expresses the same thought in a more homely way. In other words, it is necessary for those who are steadily engaged in the business of making a livelihood, so at times relax from their employments and devote a little time to pleasure, and for those whose employment is of a mental or sedentary nature it is most necessary that their relaxation should be in the open air and of such a nature as to develop their physical strength.

This fact is being recognized more and more every day. Every labor organization has it as one of their first principles that so many hours shall constitute a day's labor; a good many organizations go so far as to say their members shall have at least one half holiday—usually Saturday afternoon every week. No one will deny that this principle is a righteous and humane one. But there are a great number of people who do not enjoy the benefits of organization and are by custom bound down to their work day in and day out, Sunday excepted.

Take for instance our business men and the clerks who serve under them. There was a time in the history of Moose Jaw when it was considered the proper thing to keep the stores open from seven or eight o'clock in the morning until nine and ten every night except Saturday, when they usually remained open until twelve, after which the delivery man had to make his final rounds and the clerks straighten things out for Monday morning.

But thanks to the efforts of those interested such days are past. For the last two years, by mutual agreement, the stores have been closed at six o'clock every night and at nine o'clock Saturday. Or in other words it was decided that ten hours should constitute a day's work. But instead of having a holiday on Saturday afternoon, as the labor organizations have decreed, the clerks and business men have to work until nine or ten o'clock on Saturday night.

Now, we have a suggestion to make, and we are confident that it will meet with the approval of the majority of the business men and every clerk. We would suggest that during the summer months—say, June, July and August—when the weather is most trying on those who have to work inside, that every store in Moose Jaw lock up shop and take a half holiday on Wednesday afternoon.

This would not interfere in the least with the receipts at the end of the week, or inconvenience the customers of the stores in any way. The customer can manage to get along without buying on Sunday. Since the stores closed at six o'clock, they can also manage to make their purchases before that time. When they kept open to eleven and twelve o'clock there was no more goods sold than there are now, comparatively speaking. But even if it did inconvenience the customer, there are few persons who would be so selfish as to deny the clerks and business men a half holiday on that account.

If some one will take the matter in hand we believe they will meet with hearty support in securing for the merchants and clerks of Moose Jaw an afternoon for recreation and amusement, to break the monotonous round of their daily labors.

THE ELEVATOR BILL KILLED

The bill introduced by Dr. Douglas, M.P. for Moosomin, in the House of Commons, which had for its object the regulating of the grain trade in Manitoba

and the Territories, has been defeated. The determined opposition of the elevator men and their friends had its effect. The special committee to whom Mr. Douglas's trade bill was referred decided, by a vote of four to six, against the first clause of the bill, and therefore dealt the whole bill a death blow. Messrs. Oliver, Rutherford, Richardson and Douglas fought valiantly for the rights of the west, but the majority of the special parliamentary committee yielded to the arguments of Monopoly and thus killed the bill. Last year Mr. Douglas's bill was side-tracked by methods known only to the few. This year his bill made further progress and had for a time fair prospects of passing into law, and although it has again been defeated it will arise again at a more convenient season. Freedom for a free people must prevail. All that the producer wants is liberty to ship his grain through an elevator, flat warehouse, or from his wagon, as may seem best, and not be forced to put his grain through an elevator belonging to parties with whom he does not wish to do business.

TRACKMEN STRIKE.

On May 22nd the trackmen all over the Grand Trunk Railway system went out on strike. The strikers number about eighteen hundred men, who ask for \$1.25 per day for section men, with \$1.50 for outside foremen and \$1.75 for city foremen.

A strike is by no means the best way to settle disputes of this nature, but the men who are involved in this case seem to have little to lose. They have been ground down to a rate of wages hovering between the extremes of \$1.15 and 80 cents per day, and any Canadian who has to raise a family on this sum is so badly off that a strike is not likely to change his position for the worse.

On every railway system the trackmen are the poorest paid employees, while their work is just as necessary and important as that of any other branch. The ordinary laborers on the C.P.R. are not in receipt of princely incomes, but they are infinitely better off than the laborers on the Grand Trunk System, and no blame attaches to the trackmen who do not think that 90 cents per day and slightly upwards is an able-bodied Canadian's fair share of the prosperity which is said to be pervading the whole country.

THE SAME HERE.

The Calgary Herald says: The big departmental stores of Toronto and Montreal are now unloading carloads of their spring catalogues in the West. Of course every merchant has a perfect right to send catalogues where he pleases, but the prospective purchaser should pause before sending his money away from the district where he makes his own living.

It is only fair to the local merchant to compare his prices with those in the catalogue with mail or express charges added. Let the purchaser offer the local merchant cash for his goods and he will, in Calgary at least, do quite as well and have the satisfaction of knowing that he is keeping some money in the country. But whatever else he may do, let him at least give the local merchant a chance to compete.

A verdict was recently given at Windsor, Ont., which is of more than usual interest to the general public and especially to those interested in benevolent societies. At the recent assizes at that place, Mrs. Wintemute entered action against the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen. In 1897 her husband, Freeman Wintemute, insured his life with de-



Some people in the world persist in clinging to old methods. There are men who still use a forked stick in place of a modern plow. There are also men, when they are troubled with a disordered stomach or liver, resort to the old-fashioned violent remedies that rack and rend the whole body, and while they give temporary relief, in the long run do the entire system a great amount of harm.

Modern science has discovered remedies infinitely superior to these old-fashioned drugs, that do their work by promoting the natural processes of excretion and secretion and gently correcting all circulatory disturbances. When a man feels generally out of sorts, when he loses sleep at night, when he gets up headache and with a bad taste in his mouth in the morning, when he feels dull and lethargic all day, when his appetite is poor and his food distresses him, when work comes hard and recreation is an impossibility, that man, though he may not believe it, is a pretty sick man. He is on the road to consumption, nervous prostration, malaria, or some serious blood disease. In cases of this description a man should resort at once to Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is the best medicine for a weak stomach, impaired digestion and disordered liver. It is the great blood-maker and purifier, flesh-builder and nerve tonic. It cures 99 per cent. of all cases of consumption, bronchitis, lingering coughs and kindred ailments. Thousands have testified to its marvelous merits. It is a modern, scientific medicine that acts without goading nature, and that has stood the test for thirty years. Medicine dealers sell it.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure constipation.

endants for \$1,200. He died on the 3rd of December, 1897, from injuries received by a railway accident at Rennie, Manitoba. The defendants refused to pay, they claiming that the deceased did not pay assessments, dues and charges as required by the constitution; that he was expelled as a member of Circle Lodge, No. 227, and therefore ceased to be a beneficiary. The expulsion took place on April 30, 1897. The evidence was largely documents of the lodges, and letters. The point turned on the expulsion of the deceased. Chief Justice Armour reserved judgment at the assizes, but has just awarded a verdict for the widow for the full amount of the insurance and \$100.00 interest.

In the House of Commons last Saturday Mr. E. F. Clarke referred to the strike upon the Grand Trunk and suggested Government interference for the protection and safety of the travelling public. Hon. Mr. Blair, while expressing sympathy with the men, thought the duty did not devolve upon the Government or department of interfering, and hoped the difficulty would be settled. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who spoke in a sympathetic strain, was doubtful as to the prudence of Government interference at present, but intimated that if the strike continued and the opportunity offered, the Government would not be averse to assisting in bringing about a settlement of the difficulty.

Last Saturday in the House of Commons Sir Henri Joly introduced a bill to amend the general inspection act. It is designed to remedy complaints that have arisen from the system of inspection of wheat. It was drafted by a committee representing the parties most interested in the west, but is not endorsed by the millers of Ontario. The bill, it is understood, will make final inspection at Winnipeg and will in other regards be on the line of the representations made by the western delegation that visited Ottawa some time ago.

Commissioner Ogilvie's report, with the evidence attached, was presented to parliament by Mr. Sifton on Tuesday. It deals with the charges preferred against the Yukon officials. The only charge proven was one against the half-breed door-keeper, who accepted small sums of money to allow persons to enter the office during a rush of business.

Moose Jaw Rifle Association.

The first match in the Canadian Military Rifle Association series was fired on Saturday, May 27th. The weather being decidedly against the riflemen, the younger members of the Association experienced some difficulty in finding the "bull's eye" against a strong wind and variable light.

The following members made up the two teams:

FIRST TEAM.		Score.
S. Green	.....	83
J. Wellington	.....	72
C. A. W. Stunt	.....	69
H. Carter	.....	65
D. Morrison	.....	45
J. U. Munns	.....	44
J. Mair	.....	40
J. Rutherford	.....	71
P. Manley	.....	57
G. Holdsworth	.....	63
Total	.....	607

SECOND TEAM.		Score.
A. R. Lowe	.....	48
A. Simons	.....	35
J. H. Smith	.....	57
E. Manley	.....	49
F. Statham	.....	56
F. C. Stewart	.....	34
B. Holdsworth	.....	40
C. A. Gass	.....	53
S. Hayward	.....	34
Total	.....	409

The second match in the same series will be shot, rain or shine, on Saturday next, June 3rd, and all members of the Association who can attend are requested to do so, with either Lee-Metford or Martini-Henry rifles. Ammunition will be supplied by Mr. Stunt on application. The range committee have had new targets put in and the range is in first class shape.

The President's Prize competition runs through the months of June, July and August. Competitions begin on first practice day in June and end on last practice day in August.

Members wishing to take part in any competition for prizes should hand in their names and entrance fees to the Sec. Treas. or supply agent as soon as possible.

The attention of the public is again called to the great danger in walking or driving across the rifle range when the flags are flying. A large red flag is hoisted on a pole on top of the hill back of targets when firing is going on. Small flags are also put up on both sides of the range and it is unsafe for any person to cross between these flags.

Notice is also given that any persons found damaging the targets or other property of the Association will be dealt with according to law.

Boharm School Report.

School report of Boharm School District No. 189 for the month of May:
Class V.—Alfred Green 64, Flossie Arnold 64.
Class IV.—Barclay Green 74, Leora Cathcart 64, Mary Elsom 61, Murray Thomson 58, Maggie Hill, Lee Scruton.
Class III, Jr.—Willie Green 73.
Class III, Jr.—Clara Pascoe 68, Edith Pascoe 68, Reggie Johnston 64, Albin Elsom 49, Arla Scruton.
Class II.—John Elsom 62, Erle Hopkins 60, John Green 56.
Part II.—Emily Cathcart.
Class I.—Lewis Wilson, Vina Pascoe, Chas. O. Campbell, Teacher.

97 LAKE, LAKE, WAGHORN'S GUIDE

THEY STRIKE IT RICH.

A Moose Jawite Interested in a Rich Strike on the Pacific Coast.

The Province newspaper, of Vancouver, contains the following very interesting news item:

"News of the most encouraging nature is constantly reaching the city from up-coast mines. Hardly a week passes that some rich strike is not reported, and what is better, confirmed. At Shoal Bay, Loughborough Inlet, and Texada Island, prospectors are hard at work and very few reach the settlements without encouraging news to tell of, which as a rule they confirm by rich looking quartz.

"The news of the most recent strike of importance up the coast reached the city this afternoon, being brought down by the steamer Coquitlam. Passengers who arrived on the boat state that Loughborough Inlet is excited by the discovery that an old location has, with a little development, proved remarkably rich.

"The property has been staked and restaked by various people, but no one thought that it was anything out of the ordinary, and consequently it was allowed to lie idle.

"A short time ago the property fell into the hands of R. D. Morrison, representing the Cuba Silver Company. He felt convinced that the mine with the expenditure of a little money would prove all right, but he did not look for any Bonanza. Shortly after development work commenced a rich vein of gold quartz was struck, but it was only a few days ago that the real strike was made, when a body of rock which is said to beat anything on the coast in point of richness was discovered. The news quickly spread through the camp, and samples, which it is stated were not picked, passed from hand to hand. There was a speedy renewal of mining activity in the camp when it became known that the best samples of rock taken from the mine assayed \$212 to the ton and the lowest \$35.

"The Cuba Silver Company, it is stated, have located five claims near the rich discovery. American capitalists visited the camp the other day and are reported to have offered \$400,000 for the one claim, the offer being promptly refused.

"For the information of our readers we might say that our well known townsman, Mr. H. U. Morrison, has a third interest in the Cuba Silver Company mentioned above, and the other members of the company are his two brothers. In a private letter Mr. R. D. Morrison states that he thinks that one of the mines will be salable for \$100,000.

"This is good news for Mr. Morrison and his many Moose Jaw friends, and we only hope the strike will turn out as well as expected.

A Fleshy Consumptive

Did you ever see one?
Did you ever hear of one?
Most certainly not. Consumption is a disease that invariably causes loss of flesh.

If you are light in weight, even if your cough is only a slight one, you should certainly take

Scott's Emulsion

of cod liver oil with hypophosphites. No remedy is such a perfect preventive to consumption. Just the moment your throat begins to weaken and you find you are losing flesh, you should begin to take it. And no other remedy has cured so many cases of consumption. Unless you are far advanced with this disease, Scott's Emulsion will hold every inducement to you for a perfect cure.

All Druggists, etc. and
SCOTT & BOWNE, Toronto.

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE.

The undersigned wishes to announce that he has leased the River Street stables from Mr. G. M. Annible, and is now conducting a livery, feed and sale business, and is prepared to furnish first-class rigs and good driving horses on shortest notice. Draying done to all parts of the town at moderate charges. Horses and cattle bought and sold on commission. A share of your patronage respectfully solicited.

Jos. E. Battell.

FOR SALE.

Good grade bull, 4 years old, dark red. Can be seen in stable next to Mr. Kent's. Price \$200. Also small pony, very quiet and suitable for children. Price \$30.00. Apply to ARTHUR L. DAVIS, Moose Jaw.

WAGHORN'S GUIDE TO TRAVEL AND BUSINESS 50c

Wow, Wow, That's the Stuff!



What's the Stuff?

Why Simpson's Ideal Breakfast Foods. Try Them!

Wheat Granules.....12 lbs for 25c.
" Middlings..... " "
" Whole Wheat Flour " "
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LUMBER, LIME AND WOOD.

Building Material of all kinds for houses, barns, carriages and fences.

Now for Screen Doors & Windows.

Shop work of all kinds done on shortest notice. Prices right and satisfaction guaranteed.

E. Simpson & Co.

Wall Paper!

The undersigned are opening up next door to the Model Grocery Store a stock of wall paper. The latest shades and tints.

WE ARE PREPARED

To cater to the public in papering and decorating. Drop in and see us. No trouble to us to show paper.

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Farms for Sale!

Many being largely improved.

SE.....	34	15	24	W 2
S 1/2.....	24	15	25	"
NW 14 and NE.....	15	15	25	"
N 1/2.....	18	16	25	"
SE.....	32	17	25	"
NE.....	32	18	25	"
NW.....	16	16	25	"
S 1/2.....	6	17	25	"
SE.....	24	17	25	"
NE.....	12	18	25	"
NW.....	16	16	27	"
NE.....	24	16	27	"
NW.....	24	16	27	"
SE.....	12	17	28	"

Those marked * are also to rent.

PRICES REASONABLE, TERMS EASY.

Correspondence invited and promptly answered.

G. A. MUTTLEBURY,
459 Main St., Winnipeg.

MONEY TALKS.

It will pay you to get our prices for...

Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Mouldings, Doors, Windows, Building Paper, Fence Posts, &c. &c.

and in fact everything in connection with the building trade.

H. McDougall,
G. B. Sharpe Mgr.

OFFICIAL 2255 WAGHORN'S GUIDE. 5c

BUSINESS CARDS.

Under this head Business Cards not exceeding one inch, ten dollars per annum.

W. M. GRAYSON, Barrister, Advocate, Conveyancer, Notary Public, Etc. Office: Main St., Moose Jaw, N. W. T. Agent for the Canada Northwest Land Company, Limited, and the Trustees of Moose Jaw Town Site.

W. B. WILLOUGHBY, B.A. L.L.B.

Barrister, Solicitor, Advocate, & Solicitor for Union Bank of Canada. Bellamy Block, Moose Jaw Assn.

LAWRENCE KING.

Barrister, Advocate, Etc.

Office: Main St. Moose Jaw.

T. C. JOHNSTONE, Barrister, Solicitor, Advocate, &c. Office: Cor. South Ry. & Rose St., Regina.

TURNBULL & McCULLOCH.

Office in Beale's block, cor. Main and River streets.

A. R. Turnbull, M.D., C.M. J. W. McCulloch, M.D.

S. W. RADCLIFFE, M.D., Physician and Surgeon.

Office at Colling's Drug Store, Main Street.

D. R. P. F. SIZE, L.D.S., M.R.C.D.S. SURGEON DENTIST. Moose Jaw, Assn. Office, Bellamy's Block. Open 6th to 20th each month. For time in town during the remainder of each month see card on office door.

All branches in dentistry skillfully performed.

H. McDougall, Registrar, Moose Jaw District, for Births, Marriages and Deaths.

SEYMOUR GREEN.

Registrar, Etc.

Issuer of Marriage Licenses. Homestead Entries made. Fire Insurance. Farms and other lands for sale. Town lots for sale.

O. B. FISH,

Auctioneer and Valuator.

Manitoba Street, Moose Jaw, Assn.

J. A. McDONALD, BLACKSMITH.

Manufacturer of McDonald's Wood Destroyer and Cultivator.

High Street, West, Moose Jaw, Assn.

McDonald & Riddell.

LIVERY, FEED & SALE STABLES.

First class rigs and good driving horses to hire on reasonable terms. Draying done to all parts of the town. Best accommodation for the general public.

McDonald & Riddell.

High St., Moose Jaw.

Smokers!

Attention!

We would like to inform you that our stock of

Tobaccos, Cigars, Cigarettes and Smokers Supplies

is replete with the newest and best brands. Full line of imported and native liquors. Agent for Dewey's Celebrated Lager.

Wm. J. Cosgrave,

Mail orders receive prompt attention.

Frank J. Grobb,

DEALER IN AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Agent for J. I. Case Threshing Machines, Horse Powers and Engines; McCormick Binders, Mowers and Steel Rakes; Sylvester Hoe, Press, and Stephenson Double Disc Drills; John Deer Riding and Walking Plows; Diamond Tooth and Disc Harrows and Weeders; American Rushford Farm Wagons.

REPAIRS ALWAYS ON HAND. A CALL SOLICITED.

Church Directory.

BAPTIST CHURCH.

Pastor—Rev. G. W. Young.
Services—Sunday, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.
Sunday School 2:30 p.m.; B. Y. P. U. Mon-
day evening at 8 o'clock; Prayer meeting
Thursday evening at 8 o'clock.
All are cordially invited.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Services—Sunday 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.
Sunday School 2:30 p.m.; Thursday, Prayer
Meeting, 7:30.
Everybody welcome.

METHODIST CHURCH.

Pastor—Rev. W. A. Vrooman.
Weekly Services—Sunday, preaching 11
a.m. and 7 p.m.; Sunday School 2:30 p.m.;
E. L. of C. E. Monday evening at 8 p.m.;
Prayer Meeting Thursday evening at 8
o'clock.
The public are cordially invited. All
Seats free.

FREE METHODIST CHURCH.

Pastor—Rev. W. H. Wilson.
Service on Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock
in Central Hall.
A welcome is extended to all.

CHURCH OF ST. JOHN THE BAPTIST. (ANGELICAN.)

Rector—Rev. J. S. Chivers, A.K.C.
Services—Sunday, Celebration of Holy
Communion at 8 o'clock on I, III, IV and V
Sundays in month; Mattins, Litany and
Sermon at 11 a.m.; Celebration after Mat-
tins at 11 a.m.; Sunday School at 2:30 p.m.;
Evangelism and Sermon at 7 p.m. Matins
daily at 10 a.m. Evensong daily at 5 p.m.;
Friday at 7:30 p.m.
All seats free. Everybody welcome. Hymns
Ancient and Modern are used.

THE C.P.R. HOTEL.

A Description of the Finest Build- ing of its Kind West of Montreal.

The new C.P.R. hotel made its bow to
the public a few days since when Mr.
Smith, the proprietor, threw open the
doors and announced that he was ready
for business. A full year has elapsed
since the time the first sod was
turned in the work of excavation, and the
course of construction was closely watched
by every citizen of Moose Jaw, as if they
were a personal interest in the building.
Since it has been completed it has been
visited and inspected by scores of towns-
people and strangers passing through,
who could not do otherwise than pass
complimentary remarks upon the build-
ing, the equipment and general arrange-
ments throughout.

Knowing that the C.P.R. hotel and
depot is the admiration and pride of
every citizen in Moose Jaw, THE TIMES
thought that its readers and their friends
would be interested in a brief description
of the interior of the building, and on
Tuesday afternoon despatched a reporter
to interview Mr. Smith. Mr. Smith very
courteously showed "the paper man"
through.

The main building is divided in the
centre by a sixteen-foot archway, on the
east side of which is the hotel and on the
west side the depot and division offices.
The main door of the hotel opens into
this archway into a spacious office, fitted
up with a suitable counter, hotel register
and such like. On the left hand side as
you enter there is a small smoking room,
alongside of which is the staircase.
Mr. Smith next showed us into the
dining room. Next to the kitchen, this
is the most important room of any home
—so the most of us think. At any rate
the C.P.R. must have thought so, for we
have been told by travellers who know
that a better dining room does not exist
along the C.P.R. lines. The room is 42
feet long and 32 feet wide, with a high,
usually high ceiling, and is most elegantly
furnished. There are eight large
tables capable of seating one hundred
guests. The furniture is all solid oak,
and the chairs are upholstered and covered
with a patent leather. The walls are
beautifully decorated with pictures of
the English turf, and old country fish and
several species of game. But perhaps
the most interesting piece of furniture
in this room is Mr. Smith's "Grand-
father's clock," which stands in the
north-east corner. It is not exactly
known when the clock was made, but it

has been an heirloom of the family for
at least three generations. When the
old dining hall was destroyed by fire it
had a narrow escape. In the excitement
which prevailed the casing, which was
of mahogany, was all broken, but Mr.
Smith could not part with it and has
had a new case made, and the old clock
still continues to tick and keep as good
time as any time piece of more modern
make. The dining room is exceptionally
well lighted, there being three large
double windows on each side and two
six-light acetylene gas chandeliers. The
floor of the dining room is hardwood and
oil painted, and a strip of Brussels
carpet six feet wide runs down the centre
of the room.

A swinging door leads from the dining
room into the carving room, which is
furnished with one of the Gurney Found-
ry Company's large steam heated carving
tables of recent design. From this room
there is a back stairway.

We next come to the kitchen, the di-
mensions of which are 18x20 feet. The
utensils in this department are strictly
modern, among them being a Gurney
4-10 double steel range, with boiler at-
tached.

Just beside the kitchen there is the
stairway to the basement and a scullery
12x20 feet, fitted up with hot and cold
water sinks.

In the east end of this flat there is a
well furnished lunch counter 32 feet long
with a 18 feet wide, with a counter nearly
the full length of the room.

The second flat is reached by a wide,
winding stairway from the office, at the
top of which there is a large arched
landing opening into the main corridor,
which is 17½ feet long. On this flat there
are twenty-one bed rooms, each being
about 12½ feet in dimensions. There is
also a commodious gentleman's reading
room, two ladies' parlors, and an elegant
furnished private parlor, 12x22 feet,
lighted by three large windows. This
room is for Mr. Smith's own use and is
situated between the two towers on the
south side of the building. There are
also on this flat two suites of rooms and
two bath rooms, equipped with all
modern conveniences, and a ladies' and
gentlemen's toilet.

A winding stairway leads from the
landing to the third story in the tower,
which is divided into three large and com-
modious rooms. The one on the south
side is the prettiest in the building.

The second third flats are carpeted
throughout with the celebrated Brussels
carpet, there being a different pattern
for each bedroom. The bedroom sets
and furnishings are mostly of solid oak,
but there are a few sets of red cherry,
which are very unique. Taking it as a
whole it is quite within the mark to say
that it is the best furnished, most com-
modious and comfortable hotel in the
west.

In the basement there are two large
sauna rooms 12x22 feet, with heating ap-
paratus, closets and wash rooms, vegeta-
ble cellar, wine cellar, laundry, re-
frigerator, and two large rain water
tanks with a capacity of forty barrels
each.

Mr. A. Smith is looking after the man-
agement of the hotel himself, and Mr. Karl,
late of the dining car department, is
chef, and the dining room is being looked
after by three Japanese waiters, graduates
from the Methodist foreign mission school
at Vancouver.

The western half of the building is de-
voted to the depot and division offices.
There is a large set of waiting rooms,
with a main entrance from the arch-
way. A short corridor leads to the
ladies' waiting room, which has also an
entrance from the platform. This room
is nearly as large as the general waiting
room and is carpeted and furnished.
The ticket agent's office of the hotel, the
two waiting rooms with lockers into
each, and there is also a toilet off each
room. The baggage room is at the
west end of the building. Upstairs, over
the baggage and ladies waiting room, are
the divisional Superintendent's office,
the office of the Superintendent of the
bridge and building department, and
toilets for the employees.

The building has been put up solid
and substantial. It is 200 feet long
and 32 feet wide, and cost about
\$45,000. The foundation is built
with Moose Jaw building stone, which
is plentiful in the district. The
walls are of Moose Jaw red brick, with
four courses of Calgary sandstone, which
is also used for the window sills.
The exterior finishings are in keeping with
those of the interior and the building
presents a solid architectural appearance.

The building is well insured against
fire, there being two large cisterns with a
capacity of forty barrels each, in the
attic, which are kept filled by the C.P.R.
pumping plant, and on the first and
second floors there is sufficient hose to
reach to any part of the flat.

The lighting is by acetylene gas, a 150
light plant, the largest in Western Can-
ada, having been installed. So far the
light has given entire satisfaction. The
heating is furnished by steam and the
heat is distributed through the building
by between sixty and seventy radiators.

The question of how to dispose of the
sewerage caused the company considerable
annoyance, as it could not be drained
into the river. But Mr. Hyson, Superin-
tendent of C.P.R. gardens, solved the
problem by utilizing it on the garden at
the east end of the building. A large
sewerage pipe leads from the building to
a cesspool at the highest point of the
garden, where it is distributed by means
of a windmill and pipes.

STRAY ANIMALS.

The Official List as Advertised in the Latest N. W. T. Gazette.

NOTICES OF ESTRAY ANIMALS.

On premises of Herrich Schmidt, Ros-
thern, Sask., steer, 2 years, red and white,
irregular brand on hip.

On premises of C. Sharples, North
Oxley, Alta., since April last, white mare,
good, branded and vented PP on left
shoulder, indistinct NI on right shoulder,
about 16 hands.

On premises of Robert Shore, Fort
Qu'Appelle, Assa., pony horse, 3 years,
bay, star on forehead, marked O on
left points, since April last, white mare,
good, branded and vented PP on left
shoulder, indistinct NI on right shoulder,
about 16 hands.

On premises of Thomas Franks, Moose
Jaw, Assa., mare, aged, bay, combination
JM on left shoulder; mare, 4 or 5 years
old, bay, yearling colt at side, right front
leg crooked; gelding, 4 years old, roan,
cup on left flank; gelding, 4 years old,
bay, white face and feet, roached back;
horse, 5 or 6 years old, buckskin, white
face, right hind foot white; mare, brown,
irregular brand on right flank, sword
brand on right shoulder; horse, aged,
bay, star on forehead, marked O on
left flank, indistinct brand on left shoulder,
pair of mules, bay and mouse color, 17 on
right shoulder; mare, aged, grey, PD
and cup brand on left flank.

On premises of Joshua Thompson, In-
dian Head, Assa., since about the end of
December last, mare, about 5 years, roan,
brand on right hip, 14 hands, black,
cup on left flank.

On premises of J. M. Skelton, Battle-
ford, Sask., gelding, about 7 years old,
brown, about 850 lbs, star on face ex-
tending over left eye, stripe from star to
nostrils, indistinct combination JH on
left shoulder.

On premises of Robert Fox, Pengarth,
Assa., pony mare, sorrel, blaze on face,
hind feet white.

On premises of W. J. Bradshaw, Park-
beg, Assa., since last February, pony geld-
ing, roan, AM on left shoulder; pony
stallion, iron grey, LD on left shoulder.

On premises of Malcolm McDermid,
Stony Plain, Alta., two small geldings,
light grey, legs, manes, and tails black,
one has shoe brand on right shoulder,
about 5 or 8 years, weigh about 700 lbs.

On premises of A. T. Maclellan, Katep-
we, Assa., since April 20th, yearling steer,
reddish brown, white belt, 14 hands,
brand on right hip, 14 hands, black,
cup on left flank.

On premises of Mrs. N. J. Anderson,
Saskatoon, Sask., horse, aged, bay, white
hind feet, white face.

On premises of P. F. Lee, Langenburg,
Assa., heifer, 2 years old, red.

On premises of James E. Fawcett, In-
nisfail, Alta., cayuse mare, bay, white
face, spot on neck, white hind foot, colt
at side.

On premises of Thos. S. McLeod,
Sintaloot, Assa., since last of Novem-
ber, 1898, bull, rising two years old, red,
white marks on head and flanks.

On premises of Wm. Dixon, Hillsden,
Assa., since 25th April, bull, about 4 years
old, red and white.

On premises of Geo. Spence, Brossary,
Sask., stallion, 2 or 3 years old, iron grey,
stripe down face, hind feet white, JM on
left shoulder.

On premises of Mahlon Johnson, Moose
Jaw, since 17th of April, 1899, stallion,
about 2 years old, bay, both hind feet
white, stripe down face.

On premises of Luke Battersby, Pheas-
ant Forks, Assa., pony, rising 3 years,
stallion, bay.

NOTICE OF LOST ANIMAL.

Strayed from premises of W. H. John-
ston, Balgonie, Assa., Clyde mare, 2 years
old, light grey, small irregular brand on
neck, suitable reward given for infor-
mation leading to recovery.

A business man is not the most patient
creature in the world. He cannot wait
to hear any long drawn out story of the
cause of his ailment. He doesn't care
two straws about a fine spun theory of
how he should treat himself. He may be
predisposed to scornful or consumption.
"That," he will tell you, "has nothing to
do with the case. He wants to be well.
If he can be cured, write out a prescrip-
tion and send in your bill. So, here's the
first part of the proposition.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery
is a microbe hunter and killer. Many
persons of scrofulous blood, encourage
the breaking out of unsightly sores to
prevent the disease going to the lungs.
There is no need of this state of dread
and discomfort. Purify the blood. It
can be done. "Golden Medical Discovery"
will cure 98 per cent. of all consumptive
cases, also of all other lingering bronchial,
throat and lung diseases.

WAGNORN'S GUIDE AT BOOKSTORES 56



ARMERS!

ATTENTION!

This spring the undersigned wishes to announce to the farmers of the
Moose Jaw District that he has secured the agency for the Frost &
Wood implements, including Binders, Mowers, Rakes, Drills, Disc
and Square Harrows, etc., etc., and is therefore in a position to sell you

THE VERY BEST IMPLEMENTS AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICE.

We have just received a car load of celebrated Moline Plows—"The
Flying Dutchman," and "Good Enough." Also two car loads of the
best Buggies manufactured and a car load of Chatham Wagons—the
farmers favorite,—and about 60 set of first class double and single
harness. We sell on easy terms and can take stock in exchange.

ALEX. WILSON,

High Street, Moose Jaw.

The Farmers Friend.

UNION BANK OF CANADA.

Capital Authorized ... \$2,000,000
Capital Paid Up ... 1,996,545
Reserve ... 350,000

HEAD OFFICE, - - QUEBEC.

Andrew Thomson, Esq., ... President.
Hon. E. J. Price, ... Vice-Pres.
E. E. Webb, ... General Manager.
J. G. Billett, ... Inspector.

BRANCHES.

Alexandria, Ont.	Manitou, Man.
Boisbassin, Man.	Morden, "
Carberry, "	Metla, "
Carmar, "	Moosomin, N.W.T.
Creston, Man.	Moose Jaw, "
Crystal City, Man.	Norwood, Ont.
Deloraine, Man.	Nepawa, Man.
Deloraine, Man.	Ottawa, Ont.
Glebohor, "	Quebec, S. Lewis. S.
Greta, "	Regina, N.W.T.
Hartney, "	Shelburne, Ont.
Hamiota, "	Smith's Falls, Ont.
Holland, "	Souris, Man.
Hastings, Ont.	Toronto, Ont.
Indian Head, N.W.T.	Virden, Man.
Killarney, Man.	Warton, Ont.
Lethbridge, N.W.T.	Winchester, Ont.
Macleod, "	Winnipeg, Man.
Merrickville, Ont.	Wawanesa, "
Minnedosa, Man.	
Montreal, Quebec.	

MOOSE JAW BRANCH.

Deposits received and general banking
business transacted.
Interest allowed on saving and special
deposits.
Drafts sold, available at all points in Can-
ada, United States and England.

G. A. FISHER, Sub. Manager

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS

SAILING DATES.

FROM MONTREAL.	
Gallia—Allan Line.	May 26
Vancouver—Dominion Line.	May 26
Lake Ontario—Beaver Line.	May 27
FROM NEW YORK.	
Tenoulo—White Star Line.	May 17
Cymric—White Star Line.	May 24
Campania—Cunard Line.	May 20
Southampton—Red Star Line.	May 17
Westernland—Red Star Line.	May 24
St. Paul—American Line.	May 17
St. Louis—American Line.	May 24
Mongolian—Allan State Line.	May 26

Cabin, \$30, \$32.50, \$60, \$70, \$80 and up-
wards. Intermediate, \$32.50 and upwards.
Steerage, \$22.50 and upwards.
Passengers ticketed through to all points
in Great Britain and Ireland and at special
rates to all parts of the European contin-
ent. Prepaid passage arranged from all
points.

W. C. Goudie, Agent,
Moose Jaw.
Or to WILLIAM STITT,
General Agent,
C.P.R. Offices, Winnipeg.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that certain
lands in the Town of Moose Jaw will be
offered for sale for arrears of taxes on
Wednesday the Twenty-eighth day of
June, 1899, at Ten o'clock a.m., at the
Town Hall, Moose Jaw, unless the arrears
of taxes and costs are sooner paid. A
complete list of said lands may be found
in the issues of the Moose Jaw Times of
the following dates—April 28th, May 5,
12 and 19, 1899.

Dated at Moose Jaw in the district of
Assiniboia, North-West Territories of
Canada, this Fifteenth day of April, A.D.
1899. G. B. C. SHARPE
47-52 Secretary-Treasurer.

STRAYED.

Strayed onto the premises of the un-
dersigned about May 14th, one bay mare,
about 14 hands high, small white spot on
forehead, scar on off hind leg above hawk,
branded R on right hip; one bay horse,
white face, high front leg and off hind
leg white, both ears split, piece of rope
on neck, branded R on right hip. H. L.
FYSH, Poundkeeper, Sec. 31, Tr. 17 R.
25, Moose Jaw. 47-49.

Hitchcock and McCulloch,

Bankers and Financial Agents.
Moose Jaw, Assiniboia.

Five per cent. interest allowed on Deposit accounts.
Current accounts conducted on favorable terms.
Collections solicited. Prompt returns.
Drafts and Cheques bought and sold.
Correspondents:—Bank of Montreal.

Brandon Marble & Granite Works, SOMERVILLE & CO.

The Leading Manufacturers of Fine Marble and Granite
Monuments, Headstones, Cemetery Fencing,
Mantle Pieces, Tablets, Etc.

ROSSER AVE., BRANDON, MAN.
Wait for our W. Somerville who represents us in the West.

HARDWARE AND BUILDERS' SUPPLIES.

We have just added to our stock of
tinware and house furnishings, a
full line of the latest things in hard-
ware and builders' supplies. We
have done this in order to meet the
demand for a good line of hard-
ware at reasonable prices.

Bicycle Livery and Repairing.

We have also started a first-class
bicycle livery and repairing shop,
and have now a number of brand
new Arlington and Oxford bicycles,
ladies' and gents', to hire for 25c an
hour or \$1.50 a day. Bicycle re-
pairing done on shortest notice.

We pay special Attention . . .

To our tinsmith and job depart-
ment. When you want a house
roofed, furnace fitted, eavestrough-
ing, or anything in this line, you
will never regret giving us a call.

G. K. SMITH.

Next door to Post Office.

Houses for Sale,

REASONABLE TERMS!
SMALL PAYMENTS!

Having purchased the "Colpitts prop-
erty," on Manitoba Street, I purpose
building thereon a number of com-
fortable and commodious dwelling houses,
which will be ready for occupation early
in the season. This is the most desirable
residential property in town, being near
the river, well cultivated, and plenty of
young shade trees and small fruit bushes.
Houses and lots from \$700 up. Payments
and terms arranged to suit purchaser.

R. BEARD,
Contractor.

"The weather
was hot,
The butter was naught
but a greasy spot."

There will be lots of days to come when
Old Sol will be a melting mood—butter
melting mood, we mean—Are you pre-
pared for him?
A Refrigerator in the house saves
money—no tainted meats, soured milk or
melted butter, and a dinner set of dishes (140
pieces), 2 Rattan rockers, 1 brass banjo
lamp, 1 Rattan cradle, 1 oak parlor table,
1 Hammond type writer, 1 handsome
drawing room picture, 1 pair crimson
chaise longue. Prices on application.
W. A. Vrooman.

Jno. Bellamy

OTTAWA HOTEL

Under New
Management.

Having leased the Ottawa Hotel
from Mr. R. H. W. Holt, the un-
dersigned wishes to announce to the
people of Moose Jaw and district
that he is having the premises
thoroughly renovated and will con-
duct a first-class house in every
respect. Special attention will be
paid to our dining room and no
pains will be spared to insure the
comforts of our guests and make
this the best \$1 a day house west
of Winnipeg. Special rates to
monthly boarders. First-class bar
in connection. Your patronage
respectfully solicited.

F. COLBOURNE.

River Street West. Prop.

FURS AND HIDES

McMILLAN FUR & WOOL CO.

Exporters and Importers.

200 to 208 First Ave. No.

MINNEAPOLIS, - - MINN.

Shipments Solicited.

Write for Circular.

Household Goods for Sale.

The following articles are for sale at
the Methodist Parsonage: A Mandolin &
Risch piano, a dinner set of dishes (140
pieces), 2 Rattan rockers, 1 brass banjo
lamp, 1 Rattan cradle, 1 oak parlor table,
1 Hammond type writer, 1 handsome
drawing room picture, 1 pair crimson
chaise longue. Prices on application.
W. A. Vrooman.

A SURE CATARRH CURE.

No matter what your experi-
ence has been with so-called
catarrh "remedies," your ulti-
mate, complete recovery can
surely and positively be effected.
Don't suffer any longer. Don't
trifle with a distressing and dan-
gerous disease when a sure cure is
within your grasp. Thousands of
sufferers whose condition was
worse than yours have been cured
and are now in perfect health.
Their enthusiastic and unsolicited
testimonies show beyond the
shadow of a doubt that

Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder

is the most wonderfully effective
remedy ever compounded. It re-
lieves the most severe case in from
10 to 30 minutes; it effects a full
cure in a short time. The most
eminent nose and throat special-
ists in the world have given their
unqualified endorsement. In all
cases of catarrh, colds, sore
throat, asthma, hay fever and influenza it acts like magic. It is easy and pleasant
to use. It never fails to do precisely what is claimed for it. In less than an hour
it will prove its worth if you will but give it a chance. A prominent evangelist
gives testimony:

Rev. Warren Bentley, writes:—"While in Newark, N. J., conducting religious ser-
vices, I was troubled with catarrh and used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. It gave me
great relief and I have recommended it to many among whom I have labored." Hon.
David Mills, Minister of Justice of Canada, has used this remedy and highly recom-
mends it over his own signature. At all druggists.

Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart cures all cases of organic and sympathetic
disease of the heart. Relieves in 30 minutes. Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills are at
once a mild cathartic and an invigorator, system renovator and blood maker and
purifier. soc. for 40 doses. Dr. Agnew's Ointment relieves in a day and cures
eczema, tetter and all skin diseases. Cures piles in 3 to 5 nights. 35c.



Lusk' Studio for Good Portraits.

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WILL HANG AUG. 17.

EDWARD ELLIOTT FOUND GUILTY OF MURDER.

He Exhibits the Most Callous Indifference—The Judge's Comments on the Criminal.

Whitby, May 25.—Edward Elliott, a 15-year-old boy from Beaverton, was convicted here Tuesday of having murdered Wm. Murray, and is under sentence to be hanged on Thursday, August 17. The case was given to the jury at 8.15 and at 9.35 a verdict was returned of "guilty, with recommendation to mercy." When the sentence of the court was pronounced the prisoner showed that cool indifference which has characterized his actions since his incarceration. Only once did he weep, and that was during the address of his counsel to the jury. In passing sentence, his lordship said his duty was especially sad from the fact of the extreme youth of the prisoner. The crime was a most brutal one, and one for which the prisoner had since shown no compunction.

Elliott beat his victim, who lived alone, to death with a club, and the body was not found for several days. The prisoner practically admitted the crime and that the object was robbery. It was shown that after he committed the crime he played around with his girl chum, Beatrice Gardner, and accounted for some blood on his hand by saying he fell on the ice and cut himself. During his confinement here prisoners have shown no disposition to talk and the most careful conversations fail to strike a sympathetic chord. He passes some of his time in reading, but up to the time of his trial he evinced very little anxiety as to the outcome of his case.

John McHaffy, a material witness in the case, was so frightened by the villagers before coming to the trial that he put a rope around his neck and tried to take his own life. He was told that if he came to Whitby they would hang him.

SHIPPING ONTARIO LOGS.

No Logs Are Being Sent to Michigan—Interpretation of the Act.

Toronto, May 25.—Aubrey White, assistant commissioner of crown lands of Ontario, gives an official denial to the statement that American limit holders are shipping logs cut in Ontario to Michigan, in spite of the fact requiring their manufacture in Ontario; also to the report that the authorities four attempts will be made to resist the enforcement of the law. Mr. White says that not a single log has gone out, and none can go out, unless the owner holds a permit from the department of crown lands.

"In the past," said Mr. White, "exportation would not be allowed, and customs officers would not grant clearance until the certificate showing that the dues had been paid was produced. Now, however, exportation is prohibited, except in regard to logs cut on limits exempted from operation of the manufacturing clause, or to logs cut prior to the embargo going into force. Not only is this the case, but men have been stationed at the mouths of rivers emptying into Lake Huron and Georgian Bay, in order to see that the law is observed. It is absurd to say that any logs have gone across, because the drives are not down from the river yet."

Street Car Employees Strike.

London, Ont., May 25.—This city is once more afflicted with a street railway employees' strike and one that has every prospect of being a fight to the finish. "We walk" is now the expression. Negotiations were broken off at 4.30 Tuesday afternoon, the cars were run to the barns and the road tied up. There are ninety-five union men out, all of whom have sworn never to re-engage with the company unless the union is recognized. There are twenty-three non-union men in the company's employ, but it is very unlikely that the attempt to run cars will be made for a day or so. The strikers held a meeting yesterday, when President Mahon, of the Street Railway Employees' union delivered an address. Manager Carr, when interviewed this evening, said: "I can not say we will run our cars, but we will give all our employees an opportunity to return to work tomorrow, not later than two p.m. The strikers have a well arranged programme and will inaugurate a regular business system in the morning. There will be no demonstration of any kind."

Montreal Bank Robbed.

Montreal, May 24.—The head office of the Merchants Bank of Canada was robbed this morning of \$3,500 by four men, two of whom engaged the teller while the third abstracted five rolls of \$700 each.

Montreal, May 24.—Robert Roebuck, 68, janitor in Grace Baptist church, Westmont, was struck by a street car last night and fatally injured. His wife was also struck by the car, and it is feared the injuries she sustained and the shock of her husband's death may prove fatal.

Fort William Industry.

Fort William, May 24.—Eastern capitalists are in correspondence with the corporation of the town, with a view to starting a pipe foundry that will employ upwards of five hundred men.

Willis Chapman, C. E., of Toronto, will arrive June 2nd to furnish the town with a report and plans for sewerage system. Saunders and Farcombe, engineers of this place, in the meantime are taking levels of the town for that purpose.

A BROOKLYN FIRE.

A Whole Block of Buildings Destroyed—Several Firemen Injured.

New York, May 24.—A block of buildings on Manhattan avenue and Eagle street, Green Point, Brooklyn, was burned early today, causing \$300,000 loss. The buildings destroyed include four factories and fourteen dwellings, and several firemen are said to be injured.

The scene when a hundred families in the row of two-story wooden buildings were turned out of house and home in their night clothes was a lively one. Luckily there were no serious casualties, though one hook and ladder man was badly cut, by flying glass and overcome by smoke. Special calls were sent in for extra apparatus and ambulances. Soon the flames were spreading rapidly. They took in the buildings of two-story frame ones, running from 101 to 124, then they crossed the street and smothered Nos. 123 and 125 and scorched the frame building 127. Peter Brethman's four-story frame factory was next attacked. He unlocked the door of his office and rushing in secured three one-dollar bills, leaving \$400 in currency in the cash drawer, which he might easily have saved.

Accident at Brandon.

Brandon, May 24.—John McLeod, painter, while working on the roof of a two-story brick house, the property of Mr. Sampson, lost his footing on the scaffold and fell to the ground, striking on the top of a picket fence. The accident occurred at an early hour Saturday morning. McLeod fell across the fence, striking two pickets, both of which were broken. Dr. Anderson, who happened to be passing, picked the man up and had him conveyed to the hospital. Besides being badly shaken up he has one or more ribs broken. He is lying at the hospital today in almost the same condition as when picked up.

Canada's Waterways.

Toronto, May 24.—Gen. Francis Greene, of New York, and members of the commission appointed by Governor Roosevelt to inspect the canals and waterways of this country, arrived here last night and commenced their work. This afternoon they inspect the harbor as the guests of the board of harbor commissioners.

Burglary at Harrow.

Chatham, Ont., May 23.—Another burglary occurred on Friday night at Harrow. Richardson's hardware store and Munger's jewelry store being entered successfully, while an unsuccessful attempt was made on Sinacas's bank. Three suspicious characters were arrested.

Guszek and Czuby.

Ottawa, May 23.—An order-in-council has been passed allowing the law to take its course in the case of the two Galician murderers, Wasyk Guszek and Simeon Czuby, at Winnipeg, who killed Wasyk Boeck and his four children. They will be hanged on Friday next, the 26th inst.

BIG COCKING MAIN.

Peoria, Ill., May 23.—The biggest cocking main ever held in the state was pulled off yesterday on an island in Peoria lake near here. Thirty-three battles were fought, and large sums of money changed hands. Nine states were represented by chicken fanciers and their birds and backers, but Springfield, Ill., sports carried off the honors.

THE WEST FLOURISHING.

Montreal, May 23.—Sir William Van Horne returned this morning from his trip west over the Canadian Pacific. He reports prospects for a prosperous year to be very bright all along the line. British Columbia cities are flourishing and the colonists in the Northwest are happy.

When to Shake Hands.

Here are some simple rules for a hostess to observe in the matter of shaking hands. A hostess should shake hands with every guest who comes to her house, whether her own friend or the friend of her friend, both on arrival and departure.

A young girl introduced to an older woman should await the action of the older woman, if kindly disposed, will shake hands.

Any man presented to a woman, unless he is decidedly elderly or distinguished, must wait for her to make a movement toward shaking hands, and when one woman presents to another the man accompanying her it is the duty of friendship, as well as hospitality, for the man to meet with a cordial handshake.

Ordinarily, however, women are not supposed to shake hands with men when they are presented to them. This holds good even at a dinner party where a woman for the first time meets the man who is to take her in to dinner.

Daintiness Attractive.

Daintiness is a most attractive quality in both girl and woman. It is very often inherited, but may be cultivated. It shows itself even in earliest childhood, in the care which even some of the smallest children show for their apparel and belongings.

This charm is in a measure due to the fact that these dainty habits are not put on for outside effect, and the dainty girl likes to feel herself immaculate in regard to her person, whether any one sees her or not.

Strictly Up to Date.

"I see," remarked Deadbroke, "that you advertise an up to date boarding house. I suppose that refers to the service and appointments."

"No," indeed," replied the landlady, "that refers exclusively to the boarders. I don't keep any one who gets behind."—Philadelphia Record.

Swiss Purse Are Small.

Switzerland is the poorest field for professional racing cyclists. The biggest prize of the year, the Grand Prix, amounts to \$100 as against \$2,000 for the corresponding prize in Paris. Racing men can learn how to starve there.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Wednesday, May 24.

The King of Denmark is seriously ill. Seven negroes were lynched in Mexico without a trial.

Empire day was generally observed throughout Canada. The Prince of Wales sold sixty hackney cars at an actual sale.

The members of the peace congress committee selected officers. A pipe foundry to employ 300 men may be established at Fort William.

Fourteen persons were drowned in the Danube by a ferry boat meeting.

The Inter-Pacific exhibition will be held in California early in September.

Mark Twain will be introduced to the Emperor of Austria on the 26th inst.

Mrs. Mary Livermore, the literary woman, has burned all her manuscripts.

Admiral Dewey was too ill to attend the Queen's Birthday dinner at Hong Kong.

The White Pass railway will be completed from Skagway to Bennett by the 4th July.

Sir William Van Horne paid a high tribute to the Galician settlers in the Northwest.

The Philippine commissioners are well satisfied with the terms of the U. S. peace commission.

The Bank of N. A. has subscribed \$100,000 in aid of the Dawson City fire sufferers.

The natives of Palawan, one of the Philippine group, asked for the protection of the United States.

A London paper has stated that Queen Victoria will undergo an operation for her eye-sight improvement.

The programme for the 10th session of the Methodist and Northwest Methodist conference is announced. It will assemble in Winnipeg the second week in June.

BUFFALO STRIKE ENDED.

The Grain Shovelers Succeeded in Obtaining All Their Demands.

Buffalo, N.Y., May 24.—The grain shovelers' strike was settled at 2.45 yesterday morning. Contractor Connors in his efforts to end the trouble has conceded almost everything asked, except the abrogation of his contract, but including the abolition of the so-called saloon boss system. Last night Connors signed two additional agreements, which were accepted by the committee of strikers which was fully authorized to settle the trouble. He agreed to withdraw all men now employed by him as grain shovelers, and to submit the names of his old men who worked prior to April 3rd, 1899, to a committee of five, composed of two members each from the old and new locals, with President Keefe, of the Longshoremen's association, as chairman, who shall decide upon the eligibility of such members to become members of the new local. The men are to resume work today. In the meantime it is expected that the freight handlers and others in sympathy with the strikers will return to work.

Condensed News by Wire.

Leamington, Ont., May 24.—The little son of Geo. Nesbitt was scalded to death by falling into a pan of hot water.

Leadville, Col., May 24.—During a sparring contest last night before a local club Jas. Jackson fell dead. Physicians pronounced it a case of heart failure from excitement caused by the fight.

Hamilton, Ont., May 24.—The hardware firm of Adam Hope and Company, which compromised with their creditors May 21, 1897, at 50 cents on the dollar, has paid every cent of its indebtedness, over \$26,000 with interest.

New York, May 24.—Edward Scannell, brother of Fire Commissioner John J. Scannell, was held in \$500 bail yesterday for trial on a charge of having accepted \$250 from Frank McGowan on the promise of securing McGowan an appointment in the fire department. It is alleged that Scannell secured this money upon the strength of representations he made regarding his relationship with the commissioners.

National Peace Jubilee.

Washington, D. C., May 24.—The national peace jubilee, with which Washington will celebrate the return of peace, began today, and will continue for three days. Decorators have been busy for the past week and buildings on Pennsylvania avenue and the down streets are covered with bunting, a notable feature being the re-appearance of the red and yellow Spanish flag, alongside the star-spangled banner of the victors. Portraits of the latest heroes of the nation are conspicuously displayed.

A national salute at seven this morning from the dispatch boat Dolphin, at Washington barracks and Ft. Meyer, the ringing of car bells and church bells and the tooting of steam whistles started the three days' celebration. The chief feature of the day will be the army parade, which will move off from the monument at two o'clock, and be reviewed by the president and his cabinet. In the evening there will be a display of fireworks at the monument grounds.

Caused by Jealousy.

Wilmetton, Del., May 24.—Wm. A. Montague, aged 24, of this city, died yesterday as the result of being assaulted with a baseball bat, and a coroner's jury held without bail Monty Cole, aged 24, of Toronto, responsible for Montague's death. Cole is a dental student of the University of Pennsylvania. The evidence brought out indicating that the assault was the outcome of jealousy on the part of Cole, who admitted he struck Montague.

Thirteen Wom Again.

One of the passengers of the ill-fated Mohagan, in a letter sent to his friends at home in England, previous to the departure of the vessel, wrote thus: "I am not superstitious, but if there is any ill luck about the number 13 I ought to get it this journey, as I have taken No. 13 cabin and paid \$13 for it."

He was among the number of the drowned, and when his friends arrived to identify his body from among a long row of other recovered dead his was the thirteenth corpse in the line.

THE G. T. R. TRACKMEN

THEY LEAVE WORK AND ASK AN INCREASE TO \$1.25 PER DAY.

Owing to the Unsafe Condition of the Line the Engineers May Decide Not to Run Any Risk.

Toronto, May 23.—The Grand Trunk trackmen are on strike. It is not yet known how far the strike extends, but it is said to be all over involving several thousand men. The men ask \$1.25 per day, with \$1.50 per day for outside foreman, and \$1.75 for city foreman.

This evening it was known that the strike is general all along the main line and branches. There are about thirty-five or forty sections between Toronto and Sarnia tunnel, and there are four men to each section, thus making about 150 to this stretch. Of these only one man between here and Port Huron continued at work this morning, while only three gangs between Toronto and Stratford refrained from obeying the orders of the strike. Trainsmen coming in from Port Erie saw but one man on the road west of Stratford. So the strike is generally observed on the branch lines as well as on the main line.

Montreal, May 23.—It is believed that if the trackmen's requests are not recognized the drivers and engineers will be the next to join the strikers. Drivers will not want to run any risk on a track on which they have to take chances.

Supt. McGuigan, informed a committee representing the striking trackmen that he was not at present in a position to accede to their requests. The railway, he said, was at present expending large sums of money in building and repairing bridges, improving and extending the road bed, and in other permanent work, which added very largely to their ordinary expenditures, and made the question of an increase of salaries impossible to entertain. It would, Mr. McGuigan said, be some time before the company would feel justified in raising its scale of wages, but when that time came the representations of the trackmen would receive consideration. Mr. McGuigan showed the figures of revenue and expenditure to corroborate this statement, and said it would probably be four years before the road would be in a position to accord the advances asked for.

After an interview with Mr. McGuigan the committee of trackmen waited on Mr. Hays, the general manager. Mr. Hays promised to discuss their demands with Mr. McGuigan and let the committee know the result in a month's time. This did not satisfy the committee, the members of which felt as Mr. McGuigan had held out no more encouraging prospect than a possible increase in four years from now, the discussion between himself and Mr. Hays would not be much more satisfactory. The result of the two interviews was communicated by the executive committee to the trackmen all along the line, and as a result a strike was decided upon. The strike went into effect this morning and it is claimed by their representatives who are in the city that the men will remain out until the substance of their demands is granted by the company.

Buffalo, May 23.—Indications continue to point to an early settlement of the dock trouble. Today all of the men employed inside the elevators who struck out of sympathy for the grain shovelers returned to work and more work was done in the elevators than on any day since the strike began. The freight handlers were advised to return to work at once by Bishop Quigley this afternoon and it is thought that the bishop's advice will have again opened negotiations with Contractor Connors looking to a settlement of their grievances and the officers of the union say tonight that the prospects for an agreement are bright. Contractor W. J. Connors was arrested today by a United States marshal on a charge of importing Canadian laborers. He was at once liberated on bail.

CHILDREN MURDERED.

A Woman Beats Her Stepchild to Death and Is Punished by a Neighbor.

Seattle, Wash., May 23.—Honolulu advices say: A horrible crime occurred at Waiman on May 2. The wife of a ranchman killed her little stepdaughter by brutally beating her with a stick. The crime was witnessed by a youngster who went to a neighbor's and told the story. So enraged was the woman of the house on hearing of the crime that she rushed to the other woman's cabin, bent on punishing the murderer, but, dashing through the door, she caught up the woman's own child, also a little girl, and threw the little one's head first against a wall, breaking her neck.

The two women soon came to realize the enormity of their crimes and buried their children together. They swore the other child to secrecy, but it was told to the other neighbors and the women were arrested.

Inquest at Rossland.

Rossland, May 23.—The inquest over unfortunate victims of the War Eagle disaster was held yesterday. Rock Hull, the engineer in charge, testified that a loose nut caused the accident, causing the bolt on the lever to fall out, throwing him down. E. J. Balfour, master mechanic at the mine, corroborated Hull and stated he examined the nut in question at five o'clock the evening before the accident. Other witnesses were examined, and Dr. Bowers adjourned the inquiry until tomorrow when the provincial inspector of mines will be present.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Tuesday, May 23.

Tukon navigation will open in two weeks.

The Hague peace conference resumes its sessions today.

The Harlem race track, Chicago, was destroyed by fire.

A building of thousand trackmen of the G. T. R. are on strike.

A block of buildings in Brooklyn, N. Y., was destroyed by fire.

Jockey Horton, a celebrated U. S. turf during a recent steep chase.

Mlle. Rhea, the actress, died at her residence at Montmarcy, France.

Ottawa university will confer the degree of L. L. B. on Lord Minto.

President McKinley has been invited to Winnipeg by the city council.

The steamer Danube, of Victoria, is stranded on the north Pacific coast.

The annual meeting of the Royal Society of Canada will assemble in Ottawa.

The 90th battalion will hold a sham fight in Winnipeg on the Queen's Birthday.

John McLeod, of Brandon, was seriously injured by falling from the roof of a house.

The striking Winnipeg carpenters have decided to accede to arbitration as proposed by the contractors.

The Dominion government will investigate the Dominion Fish company's rights to fish in Lake Winnipeg.

The U. S. government has submitted to the Philippines the form of government which they will give them.

The steamer Paris has not yet been seen from her dangerous position, and fear for the worst are entertained.

The government has decided to let the law take its course in the case of Guszek and Czuby. The life has arrived to hang them on Friday.

PEACE CONFERENCE.

Mr. White, of the U. S. D. Legation, Thinks Something Will Be Accomplished.

The Hague, May 23.—The disarmament committee of the conference sits at ten o'clock on Tuesday. The committee on laws of warfare meets during the afternoon of the same day, and the committee on arbitration meets Wednesday. The first session of each committee will be devoted to the elections of officers. The chiefs of delegations have had frequent conferences with a view of arriving at an agreement in regard to the election of officers of the committees. But apparently many difficulties have arisen, as nothing is finally settled. Many false and exaggerated reports have been circulated regarding these hitches.

For instance, it has been said that Count Von Munster, the German ambassador at Paris and the head of the German delegation, would withdraw from the conference. Such stories must be received with caution as the persons hostile to the aims of the conference have been busily engaged in spreading the distrust. The story about Count Von Munster probably arose from the fact that his name does not appear as a member of any of the committees, while all the other chiefs of delegations have joined one or more committees. But it is pointed out, the delegates, although not members of the committee, are privileged to attend its sessions and participate in its discussions.

Mr. Andrew D. White, head of the American delegation, in an interview here with a representative of the Associated Press, said he regarded the situation as promising and that the first work of organization was well done. He added: "I am full of hope that it will be possible to reach practical conclusions. The scepticism of the first few days must yield to serious hopes, without at the same time indulging in exaggerated expectations. The words of Emperor William have contributed to improve the situation. I think we may arrive at some result on the subject of mediation and arbitration. Although it is undoubtedly impossible to make such action obligatory, it can be rendered at least optional and I believe that after the conference the powers will recognize that they have at their disposal a means of regulating their differences otherwise than by war. That will be an immense advantage. I am also confident that important improvements are achievable in the laws and usages of war, to humanize war, especially in extending to naval battles the Geneva convention of 1864 and in increasing the protection of private property in naval wars. Relative to the reduction of armaments I am not in a position to speak on the subject."

License Withheld.

Selkirk, May 23.—About thirty men were laid off a few days ago at the cold storage and fisheries until the fish combine are able to get a license to fish. At present there is some hitch, but they hope to get matters adjusted in a few days. Already the price of fish has increased.

Ottawa, May 23.—It is understood that all applicants for fishing licenses on Lake Winnipeg have been granted except that of the Dominion Fish company, which has been as yet withheld by the department pending some enquiry as to whether the company is entitled to same. It is reported to be pretty much an American company. For years there have been similar complaints, and it is likely that the whole matter will be cleared up before anything is done. There is a strong local opinion said to exist in Manitoba that any delay that may arise to fishing will be in the interests of the province as there is danger of the lake being depleted.

The Danube Ashore.

Victoria, B. C., May 23.—News has just been received here of the stranding of the steamer Danube at Cape Mudge. The steamer is one of the best known vessels plying in the passenger trade between Puget Sound ports, Victoria and Skagway. No particulars are as yet obtainable.

Toronto, May 23.—The civic estimates for the year place the expenditure at \$2,444,168, involving a tax rate of 20 mills on the dollar, against 17½ last year. This will likely be reduced however to 18 mills.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Friday, May 26.

Seeding is finished in the Indian Head district.

Pillsbury, the chess champion, is playing in England.

Rosa Bohner, the famous French artist, is seriously ill.

A building to be erected in Chicago to seat 100,000 persons.

The Italian cabinet will continue to demand a concession in China.

A \$500,000 fire visited St. John, N. B., and 200 houses were destroyed.

J. T. Roach, one of the Naumkeag bank robbers, was arrested in Boston.

The steamer Gallia is still in the mud of the St. Lawrence river.

It is proposed to erect a statue in the United States to Queen Victoria.

The Canadian Pacific railway company will build a large hotel in Winnipeg.

The Grand Trunk railway is said to be filling the gaps of the striking trackmen.

J. Steward, who met with a shooting accident near Virden, Man., two weeks ago, is dead.

Jamaica will send delegates to Washington to settle their tariff troubles with the States.

Dr. McIntyre, ex-M. P., has been appointed lieutenant-governor of Prince Edward Island.

The governor of Cuba said the British people had taught the U. S. how to colonize a new country.

Richard McPharlin, of St. Thomas, Ont., was fatally injured by a premature explosion on Queen's Birthday.

The American Baptist Educational society, which has \$250,000.00 invested in education, met in San Francisco.

Owing to the ravages of yellow fever the French town of Grand Kessan, in French Guiana, has been evacuated.

The Germans have received the imperial edict of China assenting to the construction of the Tien-Tsin-China-Kiang railway.

The Canadian Pacific railway company on a fast transcontinental train, to be called the "Imperial limited," about the middle of June.

IN A ROCK CREVICE.

A Bishop and Five Hong Kong Clergymen in the Mountains.

Banff, Alta., May 26.—Bishop Moret and five French clergymen bound from Hong Kong to Rome, who sought to break their journey across the continent, after landing at Vancouver a few days ago, by spending a couple of days in the Canadian National park at this point, were rescued this morning from a perilous position in a mountain crevice. Yesterday morning at seven o'clock they started without guides to make the ascent of Sulphur mountain and lost their way. Today they owe their lives to the sagacity and experience of Swiss guides recently introduced by the authorities to look after the welfare of travellers and hunting parties visiting the Canadian Rockies. The bishop and his party were not missed from their hotel until ten o'clock last night, and the matter having been reported to the superintendent, the latter directed the Alpine guides to at once make a search armed with lanterns upon their mission. After a night of tedious tramping among the pines of the mountain-side, they were rewarded by hearing their echoing calls answered from a slight crevice in the rock into which a false step had precipitated the party. Though the crevice was but twenty feet deep, the clergymen found themselves unable to gain the ledge from which they had slipped. Ropes were lowered by the guides and the rescue from the perilous position was quickly made. The previous afternoon and night had been spent in the crevice, 1,900 feet from the foot of the mountain, the height of which was 7,000 feet and clothed with a pine forest. Bishop Moret, who has travelled much, declared that he and his party had almost abandoned all hope of rescue.

Blocked With Ice.

St. John's, Nfld., May 26.—The whole northeast coast of the island has been blocked with ice for the last six weeks, the result being that navigation along the coast has been practically impossible. The people in many sections are now destitute of provisions, owing to the inability to replace their supplies, and the commercial operations of almost the entire people have been suspended. The fishery outfitting for Labrador and the offshore fishing grounds will be quite out of the question until the ice blockade is raised. The mail steamer Virginia Lake, which attempted to proceed north, failed to force her way through the fies, and was co-compelled to return to this port. Fishing vessels from St. John's, bound for Labrador, have to skirt around the south coast of the island, and to work through the Straits of Belle Isle.

Havana, May 26.—At the banquet given last night at the Hotel Inglaterra, toasts to Queen Victoria and the President of the United States were received with enthusiasm. Governor General Brooke, responding to the toast of "The United States," said that wherever Great Britain's flag was planted there was law, order and development. He believed the same true in the case of the United States, who had been taught how to do so by Great Britain.

Montreal, May 26.—Hon. P. E. Leblanc, M. L. A. for Laval, had his pocket picked of \$85 at the Conservative convention in Sherbrooke yesterday.

Cairo, Egypt, May 26.—Two more cases of the plague have been reported at Alexandria, making four in all.

Montreal, May 26.—Frank Kennedy, local manager of the Bank of Nova Scotia, died this forenoon, after a few days' illness from pleurisy. Mr. Kennedy contracted the cold, which led to his death, by the staff of the bank moving too quickly from their old quarters, on the corner of St. Francois Xavier and St. James streets, to their beautiful new offices on the corner of St. John street.

Victoria, B. C., May 26.—A big quartz strike has been made near Alberni averaging \$2,000 to the ton.

THE MOOSE JAW TIMES.

MOOSE JAW, N.W.T.

HE DIDN'T WORRY.

And Very Frankly Gave His Reasons For Not Doing So.

It was one of the oldest streets in one of the country's oldest cities. The friend from the west had been looking at the hotel which was affording shelter to an endless army of people. The owner of the building watched them come and go without caring whence or whither, so long as they paid their bills, thereby enabling the landlord to keep up his rent.

"That's a fine place," remarked the friend from the west.

"Yes, I'm lucky to have it."

"Of course it isn't so very modern in appearance."

"Oh, no; but it pays a first class interest on the investment."

"Never afraid of fire, are you?"

"Not in the least."

"You've taken precaution against these horrors which have been so common?"

"I attended to all that the first thing."

"So you never have any occasion to worry?"

"Not the slightest. My mind is perfectly easy. Of course you needn't say anything about it, but I've got the old place insured right up to the full limit of its valuation."

And the man from the west realized for the first time that while this is a very beautiful world, it has some mighty rough streaks in it.—Washington Star.

A Sound Institution.

Bank Director—I am surprised, sir, to learn that you drop into our bank every day and whisper tips to our cashier. Don't you know the information must be a great temptation to him to use the bank funds to speculate with?

Wealthy Broker—Yes.

"And yet you are a heavy stockholder in our bank."

"Just so."

"Then, in the name of common sense, what's your motive?"

"Well, the fact is, I don't know whether your cashier is honest or not. But if he isn't honest and if he does use the bank funds to speculate with I want him to keep on the right side of the market. See?"

Advice.

There was some one or other who had a quaint way

Of merely saying "Furget it!"

Don't keep on bewailing your lot day by day. It isn't your duty, so quit it.

There's no use complaining of how things are run.

This earth has its sorrow and likewise its fun. If you find you can't right any mischief that's done,

"Furget it! Furget it! Furget it!"

Grin winter has lingered, but nearly old trees strive for blooming and murmur "Furget it!"

And the echo as caught by the whispering breeze.

Regret? They would never permit it. Our troubles we've had, and we'll have them again.

But when sorrow invites only folly seeks pain. Let us grieve when we must and till then sound the strain.

"Furget it! Furget it! Furget it!"

—Washington Star.

Minards Liniment Lumberman's Friend

A Question of Taste.

Mrs. Kindly—My good man, did you enjoy the flowers and homemade biscuit I sent you?

Bill de Bruiser—Yes'm; I've just ate de flowers, an de biscuits is up dere in de winder beautifuly me celli—New York Journal.

The healthy glow disappearing from the cheek and moaning and restlessness at night are sure symptoms of worms in children. Do not fail to get a bottle of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator; it is an effectual medicine.

The President's Message.

The message which President Clark sent in 1881 to his Christian Endeavor hosts is repeated by him this year, and he could not have chosen better words of counsel than those he uttered 15 years ago, when he said in part:

"The last dozen years have been years of peculiar temptation to young people. The standards of many churches in regard to worldly amusements have been lowered. Many practices which a dozen years ago would have been utterly condemned, are to-day admitted in some Christian circles. The strain put upon many young Christians by this conformity to the world all around them has been almost unbearable, and some, alas, have yielded to it. Look this matter of worldliness squarely in the face. Decide what you ought to do as a young Christian. Do not be laughed or browbeaten out of your convictions. Lift up your banner and stand by your colors."

We gladly give these words wider currency, both because of their worth and because they are applicable to a larger constituency than that even which is comprised in the mighty army of Christian Endeavor.

JUST THE THING THAT'S WANTED.—A pill that acts upon the stomach and yet is so compounded that certain ingredients of it preserve their power to act upon the intestinal canal, so as to clear them of excreta, the retention of which cannot but be harmful, was long looked for by the medical profession. It was found in Parment's Vegetable Pills, which are the result of much expert study, and are scientifically prepared as a laxative and an alternative in one.

Evidence of Springtime.—"Bill, here comes the look agent, an the lightning rod man, an the clock peddler, an the wire fence feller, an the gunner distributor chap, an the heathen subscription woman, an the caterpillar exterminator, an the man that cures chills while you shake, an of spring ain't here now all I've got to say is—signs is mighty goodwin. Turn the key on me an then go lock yerself in the barn."—Atlanta Constitution.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

ASTHMA PERMANENTLY CURED.

A Well-known Canadian Notary Public Suffered for 35 Years—Permanently Cured by Clarke's Kola Compound.

R. D. Pitt, Esq., Kamloops, writes: "I had suffered for at least 35 years from the great oppressiveness of asthma and shortness of breath. I had during these years consulted many physicians and tried all the remedies, until the doctor told me I might get temporary relief, but I would be always troubled. I tried Dr. Clarke's Kola Compound, and after taking the first bottle I became greatly relieved, and three bottles have completely cured me. I can now breathe as naturally as ever, and asthma does not trouble me in the least. I feel it my duty to testify to the marvellous effect this remedy has had in my case, and would urge all suffering from this disease to try Clarke's Kola Compound, as only those who have suffered all these years as I have can appreciate what a blessing this remedy must prove to sufferers from asthma." Three bottles of Clarke's Kola Compound are guaranteed to cure. A free sample will be sent to any person troubled with asthma. Address: The Druggists & Dispensary Co., 121 Church Street, Toronto, and Vancouver, B.C., Sole Canadian Agents. Send for all druggists. When writing for sample mention this paper.

Clarke's Kola Compound is the only permanent cure for asthma; it is now successfully used throughout the leading hospitals in England and Canada.

Trick Jewelry.

All sorts of trick jewelry is to be found both for men and women. A sporting man has a representation of a favorite racer in a pin, and by pressing a tiny button it is set in motion and gallops along as natural as life. A humorist's lawyer has a watch with a concealed reservoir of perfume which can be sprayed into the face of a friend when it is being wound, if the owner so desires, and a woman with a heavy bracelet can give two inquisitive friends an electric shock. The up to date bracelet is quite heavy enough to allow the insertion of a battery.

But all these things are as nothing to the "Klondike tooth." It is a gold shell to fit on over a tooth, and the great delight of it is, as the vendor says, that it can be "slipped on and off 100 times a day."

A CURE FOR FEVER AND AGUE.—Parment's Vegetable Pills are compounded for use in any climate, and they will be found to preserve their powers in any latitude. In fever and ague they act upon the secretions and neutralize the poison which has found its way into the blood. They correct the impurities which find entrance into the system through drinking water or food, and if used as a preventive fevers are avoided.

Built Like a Shark.

A ship repairer who has a shop fronting the river and near the Lake Street bridge has conceived something new in his methods for propelling boats. In his shop he has a boat nearly completed which resembles a man eating shark. It is 18 feet in length, as narrow as a racing boat and designed to hold one person. The tail and fins, which are elastic plates, act precisely like those of a fish and are manipulated by internal mechanism.

The principal advantage claimed for the boat is the small amount of force required to propel it, for when the plates are moved and bend the action of the water on the convex part will produce a push forward, when they spring back by virtue of their elasticity, and another push will result, thus to a large extent utilizing the movement of the waves. If this invention proves successful, next summer will probably see the park lakes dotted with vessels looking more like marine creatures than pleasure craft.

The winners of the sewing machines in the Royal Crown Soap Co.'s competition for the week ending May 24th are as follows: Winnipeg, Mrs. J. H. Frost, 288 Logan avenue; Manitoba, Oscar Prior, St. Norbert; Northwest Territories, W. A. Logan, Wapiti, Assn. All persons wishing to enter this competition must have their coupons in before six o'clock on Saturday, the 27th inst., as it will be discontinued after that date. The last drawing will take place on Monday, May 29th.

Some Tennessee Riflemen.

A yarn is told in Manila, and it concerns the prison and two Tennessee volunteers. A Filipino convict had climbed the prison wall and was running for dear life through the open. Two long legged Tennesseans were on guard duty. They knelt to fire.

"I don't guess it's more than 300 yards," said one quietly.

"I reckon it's most 500," said the other, as if he were discussing the weather.

The prisoner was running like a deer and rapidly approaching the undergrowth around innumerable little huts, where he would be safe.

"Call it 400," suggested the first Tennessean in a conciliatory tone.

They adjusted their sights, aimed and fired. The escaping convict fell, and the two Tennesseans went out to bring in what was left of him.

"If he's hit in the head, it's my shot," said one.

"I aimed low, accordin' to a'my regulations," drawled the other.

The convict was found with one bullet through the back of his head and another through the lower end of his spine. They know how to shoot in the mountains of Tennessee.—Harper's Weekly.

There are cases of consumption so far advanced that Hickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup will not cure, but none so bad that it will not give relief. For coughs, colds and all affections of the throat, lungs and chest, it is a specific which has never been known to fail. It promotes free and easy expectoration, thereby removing the phlegm, and gives the diseased parts a chance to heal.

The Moth and the Flame.

Moths fly against the candle flame because their eyes can bear only a small amount of light. When, therefore, they come within the light of a candle, they are confused, and as they cannot distinguish objects they pursue the light itself and fly against the flame.

His Own Doer.

Small Boy—Say, Mr. Druggist, ma sent me to buy 10 kreutzers' worth of cod liver oil, but doesn't give too good measure, for I've got to take it.—Der Fisch.

Minard's Liniment is used by Physicians.

Seeing Snakes.

Drunkards, and especially people suffering from delirium tremens, "see snakes" (says an eminent oculist) because of the presence in certain veins of the eye of dark, pulsating blood, as a result of alcoholism, which produces snakes in appearance and motion. Hitherto it has been supposed that the "snakes" which men reported having seen in their alcoholic delirium were simply creatures of the imagination. Now we are told that these hallucinations have an actual basis. Statistics on this subject collected by the oculist show that 95 per cent of the visual hallucinations experienced in delirium tremens consist of serpents in one form or another.

HE HAS TRIED IT.—Mr. John Anderson, Kinross, writes: "I venture to say few, if any, have received greater benefit from the use of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil than I have. I have used it regularly for over ten years, and have recommended it to all sufferers I knew of, and they also found it of great virtue in cases of severe bronchitis and incipient consumption."

A Pushing Young Woman.

In a number of local business houses the novel plan of a young woman who has started out to earn her own living is being much discussed. With a satchel hung over her shoulder the new toiler enters a store or office and announces that she has patent leather shoe blacking for sale and proceeds to dilate on its virtues.

Finally she insists upon trying the polish on the shoes of one of the men present, and, dropping to her knees, she starts to work before the astonished victim has had time to summon up courage to say "No!" After putting a high polish on one of the shoes the young woman stops to extol again the good qualities of that which she has to sell, and then she urges the man to buy a bottle.

The price being rather high, the business man generally declines to purchase at first, but after the woman has risen and he realizes that he is to be left with one shoe brightly shined and the other untouched he consents to make the purchase. The woman then polishes the other shoe, hands over a bottle of the fluid, receives her money, smiles and departs.

Chronic Bronchitis Cured.

Mr. Charles E. Reid, the leading druggist, Kinross, B. C., writes: "I have every reason to believe Griffiths' Menthol Liniment will cure chronic bronchitis. A lady customer says she has been troubled with chronic bronchitis for years, and that this liniment has cured her completely. It always gives the best satisfaction to my customers. 25 cents. All druggists.

More Fact Than Fiction.

Miss Worth—It's considered impolite to give jewelry to a girl to whom you're not engaged.

Mr. Strong—By whom?

Miss Worth—By all the other girls.—Jeweler's Weekly.

Ask for Minard's Liniment and take no other.

HE GOT A CHANGE OF VENUE.

But the Lawyer Lost His Client in the Move.

A good story is told of a Kansas City lawyer. He is more of a corporation lawyer than anything else, but once in awhile he has been called upon to show his knowledge of criminal law. It was not so very long ago that he was in Oklahoma, and he undertook the defense of a negro who had killed a white man. The feeling against the negro was intense, and it had been only through the most strenuous efforts of the officers that he had been permitted to live for his trial. It was very evident that an unprejudiced jury could not be obtained in the little place where the crime was committed, and it was the intention of the Kansas City man to ask for a change of venue. After he had worked on the case for some time he ascertained that the judge was going to deny anything like a change and that his man was to be tried and hanged as soon as possible. The lawyer thought long and hard over the matter and finally hit upon a scheme which he thought would be successful in influencing the court.

By the liberal use of money he succeeded in securing a dozen negroes, when the negro was brought into the courtroom, were to cry: "Hang him! Hang him!" The lawyer thought that this would be evidence of the prejudice against his client that could not be overlooked by the court.

The day for the trial arrived, and the defendant was brought into court. As soon as he made his appearance a dozen shouts went up:

"Hang him! Hang him! Hang the black scoundrel!"

The cry was taken up all over the courtroom, while the attorney smiled to himself as he saw his little scheme succeed, but to his horror, the cries redoubled in force, the crowd surged in an irresistible wave toward the prisoner, and before it could be prevented the negro was taken out and hanged to a convenient tree.

The young Kansas City attorney now confines himself entirely to corporation law and politics.

A SHORT STORY

In London Life Containing Condensed Wisdom for Thousands.

A baker Living at 257 Dundas Street, London, Ont., Geo. Roberts by name, Recommended DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS Because They cured him. He had Pain in the Back; His Urine Was red colored And painful In passage. The cure through DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS Was quick and complete. That's how they always act, Because they're For kidneys only. If you have Sick kidneys Don't experiment With an unknown remedy. Take no substitute for DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS.

Permanent Cure of Chronic Constipation.

Perhaps you've suffered with constipation for years, tried all the pills and purgatives you ever heard of or read of, without getting any more relief than the one dose of the medicine afforded.

Then you were left worse than before, bowels bound harder than ever, the constipation aggravated instead of cured. All the miseries of constipation—Headache, Sick Stomach, Biliousness, Pimples, Eruptions, Blood Humors, Blisters, Piles, and a thousand and one other ills crowded back on you again with redoubled severity. Wouldn't you consider it a blessing to be cured of your constipation so that it would stay cured? So that a repetition of all the suffering you have endured would never come again? Burdock Blood Bitters can cure you—cure so that the cure will be permanent.

That's where it differs from all other remedies. It makes a thorough renovation of the whole intestinal tract, tones the bowel wall, acts on the liver and stomach, and causes all the digestive and secretory organs to so work harmoniously and perform their functions properly and perfectly that constipation, with all its attendant sickness, suffering and ill health, become a thing of the past.

Miss Arabella Jolie, living at 49 Carrière Street, Montreal, Que., bears out all we say in regard to the efficacy of Burdock Blood Bitters in curing constipation permanently. This is her statement:

"For over a year I suffered a great deal from persistent constipation and could only get temporary relief from the various remedies I tried. Until I started using Burdock Blood Bitters. I am thankful to say that this remedy has completely and permanently cured me and I have had no return of the constipation."

BBB

His Idea of the Process.

"As I understand it," said the hearer, "you propose to civilize me."

"Exactly so."

"You mean to get me out of habits of idleness and teach me to work."

"That is the idea."

"And then lead me to simplify my methods and invent things to make my work lighter."

"And next I will become ambitious to get rich, so that I won't have to work at all."

"Naturally."

"Well, what's the use of taking such a roundabout way of getting just where I started? I don't have to work now."

—Washington Star.

MINARDS' LINIMENT is the only Liniment asked for at my store and the only one we keep for sale.

All the people use it.

HARLIN FULTON.

Pleasant Bay, C.B.

A Fulsome Compliment.

During Mr. Cleveland's tour of the south shortly after his marriage Mrs. Cleveland and he were driving one day through the streets of one of the larger towns escorted by two of its citizens. Some one threw a bunch of violets to Mrs. Cleveland, and Mr. Cleveland bent forward to catch it, remarking as he presented it, "I wonder why no one gives me flowers?"

One of the gentlemen present gallantly replied, "We think you have won the fairest flower in all the land!"

"Ah, yes," returned the president, "but you see, I can't keep her in water!"

"It is not necessary, since you keep her in such excellent spirits," was the reply.

Here Mrs. Cleveland interposed, saying, "I am afraid you are guilty of flattery, whereupon came the reply:

"No, madam. Flattery is fulsome compliment, and in this instance no compliment could be either too frank or too fulsome!" The charm of this response lies in the last and fourth from the last words.

Mrs. Cleveland's maiden name being Frances Folsom.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Are your corns harder to remove than those that others have had? Have they not had the same kind? Have they not been cured by using Holloway's Corn Cure? Try a bottle.

The finest looking people of Europe are the Tziganes, or gypsies, of Hungary.

Every hair has two oil glands at its base.

RAINY RIVER NAVIGATION CO.

Steamers Keenora, Edna Brydges, City of Alberton.

The steamer Keenora will leave Rat Portage every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 9 a. m. for Port Francis, Nine Centre, and all points on Rainy River and Rainy Lake. For rates, etc., apply to any Canadian Pacific Ry. agent or to:

GEO. A. GRAHAM, Manager, Rat Portage, Ont.

MANCHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE CO., OF MANCHESTER, ENG.

CAPITAL - - - - - \$10,000,000

Agents wanted in every town and village in Manitoba and the Northwest.

Apply to

W. R. COLGATE.

GENERAL AGENT.

WINNIPEG, MAN.

Mismanagement

The disappointment caused by the mismanagement of the Winnipeg branch of our business is such as to have advised a

MAMMOTH CLOSING SALE

To this end we commence with this announcement:

THE BIGGEST WALL PAPER SALE

MANITOBA HAS EVER KNOWN.

The mismanagement has been such as to accumulate a ponderous stock, all of which will be sacrificed during this sale to continue throughout June and July.

The head of the firm will remain in Winnipeg during the closing of the business.

C. B. SCANTLEBURY,

496 MAIN STREET, JUST AT THE BEND OF THE STREET

NOTE.—If you cannot visit the city send a postcard. Write: "Please send samples of Wall Paper, for Bedroom, Parlor or Hall, prices not higher than 25c per single roll." Sign name and address.

E. GARTLY PARKER

12 ADELAIDE ST. E., TORONTO. ALL STANDARD BRITISH COLUMBIA, ONTARIO AND REPUBLIC STOCKS DEALT IN ON COMMISSION.

I am offering some attractive money making stocks just now. It will pay you to keep in touch with me. CODES: Bedford McNeill's, Clough's, Morning & Neale.

MEMBER OF THE STANDARD MINING EXCHANGE.



It's no Trick



To make Biscuits, Ruffles, etc., nice and light and wholesome when you use

WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER

It is unsurpassed IN LEAVENING STRENGTH, IS ABSOLUTELY PURE, AND LOW IN PRICE.

THE DYSON-GIBSON CO.



MANUFACTURED BY CHASE & SANBORN'S

Seal Brand Coffee, reason enough why it is popular.

HIGH GRADE FLOURS, FEEDING MACHINES, Carriages, Wagons, Barrows, Windmills, &c. COCKSHUTT FLOW CO., Winnipeg.

W. N. E. 222

GRAND JEWEL COOK STOVES

Buy and use them and you will be delighted with results. If not satisfied money refunded. Manufactured by Barrow, Stewart & Mills, Hamilton, Ont. MANITOBA DEPOT, 125 PRINCE ST., WINNIPEG. Ask your dealer for GRAND JEWEL. WE MAKE FURNACES TOO.

LUCAS, STEELE & BRISTOL Circle Tea Importers of Groceries L. S. & B. Coffins 1111 St. Hamilton, Ont. L. S. & B. Spices

PERSIATIC SHEEP DIP AND ANIMAL WASH

THE ONLY REMEDY THAT WILL POSITIVELY CURE ECZEM IN SHEEP.

It destroys the patches of living bacteria, relieves the itch and irritation, heals the sores, and makes the skin whole and sound. PERSIATIC SHEEP DIP is invaluable for relieving the animal of all vermin, fleas, lice, ticks, insects, etc., and for the cure of all skin diseases. Do not be put off with an inferior article—get the best. PERSIATIC SHEEP DIP is the most highly recommended and reliable Dip in the market. At your dealer's or direct from us.

THE PICKHARDT-RENFREW CO., (LIMITED).

Box A, Stouffville, Ont.

BINDER TWINE.

SELECTED MANILA HIGH GRADE MANILA

(All inside this season from Pure Manila Hemp)

Ask for Prices and Samples, Spectacular inducements to cartload buyers.

THE INDEPENDENT CORDAGE CO. (Limited), Toronto.

Manufacturers of Manila and Steel Binder Twine and Rope of every description.

Correspondence</

Red Bird Bikes.

We don't only give you High Grade wheels, but at almost Low Grade prices. For instance: A "Red Bird Special," the best Brantford wheel, listed at \$80, selling for \$62.50. The "Red Bird No. 1," listed at \$70, selling for \$56.50. The "Red Bird Model 50," listed at \$60, for \$48. The "Ruby Rim," listed at \$50, for \$42. All these prices are for cash. Sub-agents wanted. Liberal discounts given.

A Few Baby Carriages

Selling at cost price for cash. See our prices for Wagons, Baby Carriers, Croquet Sets, Etc., Etc., Etc.

TURNBULL & McCULLOCH.

The Moose Jaw Times.

FRIDAY, JUNE 2, 1899.

LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS.

Thos. Healey, of Weyburn, is in town today.

Superintendent C. W. Milestone visited Winnipeg this week.

Jack McLean, of Maple Creek, is visiting his parents this week.

Mrs. Knowles, wife of Fireman Knowles, left last Saturday to visit eastern friends.

Mr. Wellington White, brick manufacturer, returned home this morning from Prince Albert.

Rev. Jno. Fowle arrived from Brandon this morning and will have charge of the Presbyterian services for the next three Sabbaths.

Rev. W. H. Wilson returned this week from Manitoba and Eastern Assiniboia points where he had been holding special services.

Mr. Frank Grobb reports having sold a number of Stevenson's celebrated double drill drills, which have given entire satisfaction to their owners.

The nuptials of Miss Paulina M. Doan and Mr. Arthur Trent is announced to take place at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Doan, Stony Beach, on Wednesday, June 21st, next.

The Baptist Union has decided to establish a college somewhere in the west, with Rev. W. C. McDermott in charge. A Toronto gentleman, whose name is not given, has volunteered to contribute \$5,000 a year to its support.

Rev. H. M. Irvine arrived yesterday morning to take charge of the Buffalo Lake Presbyterian Mission field, succeeding Rev. J. S. Dobbin, who leaves this week to attend the General Assembly meeting and visit his home in the east.

After the heavy rains the beautiful warm weather is sending a thrill of life through everything, even the mosquito has awakened and is with us again after an unannounced absence of eight months. The prairie is now a beautiful green and vegetation is coming on with a rush.

The majority of our readers will remember the recent double suicide at Edmonton. At the conclusion of a prolonged inquest the jury returned a verdict to the effect that "Lottie Brunett came to her death by strychnine administered by W. P. Rowland, since deceased."

Lady Davis, wife of Sir L. H. Davis, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, with her party, passed through Moose Jaw Wednesday morning en route to Vancouver. Sir Louis has kindly placed the Government steamer "Quadra" at the disposal of the Western Press Excursionists while they are on the Pacific Coast.

The second annual picnic of the Stony Beach Missionary Society will be held next Thursday, June 8th, 1899, at the school house. Among the special attractions there will be the sale of Stony Beach Autograph Missionary Quilt; football and other amusements commencing at 2 o'clock; refreshments; ice cream; lemonade made from the sparkling waters of Stony Beach. Supper served at 6 o'clock and concert at 8 o'clock. Admission—Adults, 25c.; children, 10c.

A woman living in the Fleming district has been committed to jail at Brandon to stand her trial for causing the death of her child by wilful neglect. A coroner's inquest was held and the evidence elicited the fact that the mother deliberately left her child on the prairie to perish. The child when found was almost dead and only survived a short time. The jury returned a verdict of wilful murder against the mother, who was living with a married man by the name of Taylor, who has a large family in the east.

The members of the Moose Jaw Methodist church held a special congregational meeting on Monday evening to try and persuade their pastor, Rev. W. A. Vrooman, to remain with them for the balance of the term instead of going to Winnipeg. They offered to relieve him of part of the work and to maintain his present salary. These present expressions themselves as being highly pleased with the growth of the congregation during Mr. Vrooman's pastorate and hoped that he would see his way clear to remain in Moose Jaw. Mr. Vrooman replied and said that he was deeply moved by the expressions of appreciation of his work and deeply regretted that for private personal reasons he was unable to remain, and further stated that if it were possible for him to remain in the North-West, he would prefer Moose Jaw above any other place, as he and Mrs. Vrooman had been the recipients of universal kindness and consideration at the hands of his congregation and the citizens generally.

Fly Fox won the Derby.

Mrs. Alex. Miller returned home to Regina last Saturday.

Mr. Robt. Garrett, of the C.P.R. shops, left for the east last Saturday.

Mr. Bonneau, of Willow Bunch, is at Regina disposing of a band of horses.

The road grader has been at work this week improving several of our streets.

Dr. Size, dentist, will be in town 2nd to 15th of this month—June. 48-49.

Frank Hutchison has gone to Regina to take a position in the creamery there.

Jno. A. Stewart, of Regina, is opening a drug store at Rosthern on the Prince Albert line.

The regular meeting of the Moose Jaw school board will be held next Wednesday night in the school house.

The Moosomin School Board are asking for tenders for the building of a six-roomed brick school building with stone basement.

Premier Haultain is acting Commissioner of Public Works during the absence of Mr. Ross on the Peace River Indian Commission.

Rev. J. Hood, who has had charge of the Presbyterian church the past three Sundays, left for his home in Winnipeg on Monday evening.

Mr. Jno. R. Green, general agent for the Manufacturer's Life, is on a business trip in the Regina, Indian Head and Moosomin districts this week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Hitchcock left for New York last Saturday on an extended visit. Mr. Hitchcock will also visit England before returning to Moose Jaw.

The great Derby race, the "blue ribbon of the English turf," was run last Wednesday and won by the Duke of Westminster's Flying Fox, ridden by Mornington Cannon. Tod Sloan's mount, Holcauste, fell and broke a fetlock and was killed, but the popular American jockey was uninjured.

Seeding in this district is nearly completed and the weather for the past two weeks has been most favorable to rapid growth. All the grain in the Stony Beach settlement is up, this section being a little earlier than other parts of the district. The farmers are hopeful of a bountiful harvest.

Rev. J. Wallace, who was formerly stationed on the Presbyterian mission field at Pense, arrived last Saturday from Toronto where he had been attending college for the past year, and will have charge of part of the Buffalo Lake field this summer. It was found that there was too much work on this field for one man, and it was therefore divided.

Owing to the inclemency of the weather last Friday, the patriotic concert entitled "Britannia and Her Daughters," which was repeated on that evening, did not draw a very crowded house. However, the management came out several dollars ahead, and those who attended were well pleased and thoroughly appreciated the performance.

Rev. Dean O'Meara will deliver a lecture under the auspices of Moose Jaw Lodge No. 26, A.F. & A.M., in Central Hall on Monday evening, June 12th, his subject being, "The Congressional Library at Washington: its Treasures of Art and Mural Decorations." The lecture will be specially illustrated with specially selected lantern views.

Professor Robertson, Dairy Commissioner for Canada, was a passenger on Wednesday morning's Pacific express en route to Calgary and Revelstoke to inspect the cold storage warehouses for creamery butter. He will pass through on his return trip on Monday evening and will hold a meeting at Brandon on Tuesday. He will then return to Ottawa and will leave in a few days for the old country.

Mr. C. D. Fisher, C.P.R. train despatcher, left on Tuesday to spend a month's furlough in the east. He will visit Mrs. Fisher at his old home in Brockville, Ont., and together they will visit Toronto, Montreal and other leading cities. They will return through the United States, visiting Milwaukee, where Mr. Fisher will attend the annual convention of the Order of Railway Telegraphers, as delegate from this division, which meets there on June 20th.

Medicine Hat News:—Several cases, on charges laid by Corporal Elkington, of supplying liquor to Indians, were tried here before Magistrate Wilkinson this week. In the case Regina vs. the Stony, the prisoner was fined \$5 and costs. In cases against Dumont, Ward and Guard, the magistrate imposed a heavy fine, with the idea of discouraging the crime, and named in each case \$150 and costs or three months hard labor. The men are doing the labor. Cases against Larocque and St. Germain were dismissed.

A down east editor has drawn up some new game laws, which he wants adopted. The following is a summary: Book agents may be killed from October 1 to September 1; Spring riders, March 1 to May 1; umbrella borrowers, from August 1 to November 1, and February 1 to May 1; while every man who accepts a newspaper two years, and, upon being presented with his bill, says, "I never ordered it!" may be killed on the spot without reserve or relief.

We have been requested to call the attention of the town Council to the unsightly water hole on River Street, between the Windsor hotel and the Victoria boarding house. The surface water from several back yards runs onto this low spot but the graded street prevents it going any further and there it lies to breed disease germs. This is one of the most frequented parts of the town, and therefore the danger is greater. We hope the Council will look at this matter from a sanitary standpoint and have the evil remedied as soon as possible.

There was a railway accident on the Calgary and Edmonton branch line last week. While going north the mixed train was derailed while passing over a small bridge. The engine and three cars passed over safely, but three coaches and four loaded cars were piled up in the creek. The colonist cars had Galicians on board and seven of them were injured. A car load of mounted police horses were injured and a car load of implements was badly smashed up. The rolling stock is considerable. Conductors Lake and Mail Clerk Kinney were also injured slightly but are doing well. The accident is supposed to have been caused by a broken axle.

Mr. C. Hood, C.P.R. night operator, returned home Tuesday morning from a month's furlough in the east.

Mr. Jas. Simington, license inspector, and Jno. Rutherford, were in Regina last Friday to attend the meeting of the commissioners.

Mr. D. Martin, formerly commercial operator in the C.P.R. offices at this place, has been promoted to the position of train despatcher.

The C.P.R. work train for the main line commenced operations from Ernford this week, with Conductor Al. Prosser and Engineer Jos. Walker in charge.

D. D. McLeod returned from Regina yesterday morning. The Regina Standard says that Mr. McLeod is negotiating for the purchase of the Windsor hotel.

By inadvertence Mr. Fenwick's name was omitted from those who attended "Canada" at the patriotic concert. Mr. Fenwick represented a Canadian farmer and delighted the audience with a spirited song.

The directors of the Moose Jaw Agricultural Society have decided to hold a local fair this fall. It will be held two months earlier than formerly, Wednesday, Aug. 9th, being appointed as the day on which the fair will take place.

J. R. Radcliffe, "the Lord High Executioner" for Canada, was a passenger on Sunday morning's No. 1 en route to Vancouver to attend to the hanging of the Indian Casimer, who killed Walter Phillips. The execution takes place today.

On Monday Premier Haultain received word by telegraph of the very serious illness of his mother at Montreal, and that night he and his brother, Mr. T. G. Haultain, left for Montreal. Mr. W. G. Haultain, of Macleod, another brother, is expected to pass through this evening also en route to Montreal.—Leader.

The twenty-fourth annual communication of the Grand Lodge of Manitoba Ancient Free and Accepted Masons will be held at Regina, N.W.T., on Wednesday, 14th day of June next, at 10 o'clock forenoon in the Masonic Hall. In addition to the regular delegates, it is expected that a large contingent from Moose Jaw Lodge No. 26 will be present.

Rev. W. A. Vrooman left on Tuesday evening to attend the Regina district meeting of the Methodist church which convened at Indian Head on Wednesday. After the meeting Mr. Vrooman will proceed to Winnipeg to attend Conference, and return to Moose Jaw where he will remain until he severs his connection with the Moose Jaw congregation in July.

H. A. Robson, deputy attorney general, has gone to Yorkton to investigate charges of irregularities connected with the Crescent Lake Improvement District in township 22, range 4. The file of correspondence in connection with the district became so bulky that the department decided on sending Mr. Robson to straighten out affairs.—Standard.

Premier Haultain and C. W. Peterson paid a visit to the Windsor ranch yesterday to discuss brand matters with Mr. Charles Sharples. Driving from Claresholm it was necessary to cross Willow creek and the creek being "away up" the premier and party had a cold bath. The construction of a bridge over Willow creek is now within the range of practical politics.—Calgary Herald.

Rev. F. Ferrier, formerly pastor of the Moose Jaw Methodist church, passed through last evening en route from Edmonton to Brandon, accompanied by Mrs. Ferrier and family. Mr. Ferrier has been appointed principal of the Brandon Industrial School which is under the management of the Methodist church, and was on his way to commence his new duties. A large number of his Moose Jaw friends were at the depot to have a handshake with him and Mrs. Ferrier as they passed through.

A very pretty wedding was celebrated in the new Roman Catholic church at Broadway on Tuesday, when Miss Hyland, sister of Engineer Jos. Hyland, of this place, was married to Mr. T. Canty, also C.P.R. engineer on this division. The happy couple are spending their honeymoon at Rat Portage. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Hyland, who returned home this morning. We join Mr. Canty's many Moose Jaw friends in wishing for him and his bride many happy and prosperous years of wedded life.

We have to thank the North-West Government for a copy of the Consolidated Ordinances which we received last week. It is a volume of 1125 pages, uniform in size with the Dominion Statutes, and contains all the laws up to the closing session of 1898. In regard to the printing of the book the Government patronized home industry and awarded the contract to the Leader Co., who are to be congratulated on the excellent manner in which they turned out the largest book ever printed in the Territories.

Miss Davidson, teacher of the junior primary department in the Moose Jaw Public School, left last evening for Chicago to take a course in primary work at one of the educational institutions of that city. Mr. Jas. Simington will have charge of her department until the holidays. It speaks well for the Moose Jaw public school staff that so many of its members are sufficiently interested in the teaching profession to go to the trouble and expense of taking a special course in the leading American educational institutions in order to improve their qualifications for the moulding of the youthful conception.

A Heavy Rainfall.

A deep but unknown sorrow has evidently been troubling the gentleman in charge of the meteorological department of this country for the past week or two. That this sorrow is no empty shadow we are well aware, because he has been shedding tears most incessantly for a long while. But when the "weather man" weeps the farmer rejoices, and even if seeding has been somewhat delayed by the late spring, the recent showers have been much appreciated by the tillers of the soil, as the grain that has been sown has been given a splendid start.

During the month of May, Mr. C. A. W. Stunt informs us, the total rainfall was 3 1/4 inches, exclusive of melted snow. During the twelve hours between 7 p.m. Tuesday night and 7 a.m. Wednesday morning, the rainfall registered 1 1/2 in., nearly half of what fell during the month. This is the heaviest continued rainfall Mr. Stunt has ever registered in Moose Jaw and he has been here nine years.

Bicycle Bargains.

NEW AND SECOND HAND.

One Crescent, brand new!

\$60 for \$45.

One Crescent, nearly new!

\$60 for \$30.

One Stearns, in good order!

A Snap—\$22.50.

See them if you have a notion of riding a bike.

MITCHELL & HEMBROFF.

CORNER MAIN AND RIVER STREETS.

Important Notice to the Farmers!

Dr. James Fletcher, Botanist, Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, will address a public meeting in Moose Jaw, on Wednesday, June 28th, on the subject of Noxious Weeds. The meeting is held under the auspices of the Agricultural Society. A full attendance of those interested is earnestly requested.

Benj. Fletcher, Secretary.

DON'T MISS IT!

A literary and artistic treat by the well known and eloquent lecturer,

DEAN O'MEARA,

of Winnipeg, under the auspices of Moose Jaw Lodge No. 26, A. F. & A. M.

Central Hall, Monday, June 12, '99.

SUBJECT:

"The Congressional Library at Washington, Its Treasures of Art and Mural Decorations." Illustrated by lantern views.

Admission 35c., plan of hall at Turnbull & McCulloch's.

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the Cemetery Company will be held in the office of H. McDougall on Monday, June 5th, 1899, at 8 p.m. G. B. C. SHARPE, Sec.-Treas.

STONEMWORK.

The undersigned is prepared to take contracts for stonework at reasonable rates. First class work guaranteed. Leave orders at the Victoria House. FRANK PASIANO. 48p

STRAYED.

Strayed from the residence of G. M. Doan, 12-18-24, Stony Beach, on May 24, a light bay mare, five years old, branded T on right thigh. A suitable reward will be given for her recovery. G. M. DOAN. 48p

FOR SALE.

Good grade bull, 4 years old, dark red. Can be seen in stable next to Mr. Kent's. Price \$50.00. Also small pony, very quiet and suitable for children. Price \$20.00. Apply to ARTHUR L. DAVIS, Moose Jaw. 48p.

\$10.00 REWARD.

Strayed from the premises of Thos. Brooks, Stony Beach, one light bay, roached back gelding, 4 years old, white spot on face and two white hind feet; one bay gelding, with brown strip on back, five years; both branded double crank on left shoulder. The above reward will be paid for their recovery. THOS. BROOKS. 48p.1f

MOOSE JAW MARKETS.

Wheat, No. 1.....	\$ 57
" No. 2.....	54
Oats.....	50
Hay.....	7.00
Potatoes.....	1.00
Onions, per lb.....	07
Cheese.....	15
Bacon.....	13 to 17
Lard.....	12 1/2
Butter.....	15 to 20
Eggs, per doz.....	20

"The People's Store."

House Cleaning.

Every season brings with it certain necessities. The spring shows the housekeeper the needs of house cleaning.

The People's Store...

always tries and fills the demands of its many customers.

For Cleaning the Walls

we have Alabastine, Jellstone and Whiting.

For Renewing the Woodwork

we can supply you with a full line of G. F. Stephenson & Co's ready mixed paints.

Hardware.

We have a large stock of heavy and shelf hardware. If you intend building we will be pleased to quote you prices.

R. BOGUE.

Our Motto in the goods we handle:—

"Good Quality at Reasonable prices."

Bicycle Livery



Large stock of new bicycles to select from....

25c. per Hour..
50c. an Evening
\$1.00 per Day..

Headquarters for up to date bicycles and supplies, separators and dairy supplies, Alexander separators, oils, churns, cream cans, etc. Agent for the celebrated Thorold cement. Your patronage respectfully solicited.

B. L. Moorhouse.

C. P. R.

EAST

VIA
LAKE ROUTE

STEAMERS LEAVE FT. WILLIAM:

Manitoba.....Every Tuesday
Alberta.....Every Friday
Athabasca.....Every Sunday

Connecting trains from Winnipeg Monday, Thursday and Saturday at 16 o'clock.

Very cheap rates to Dawson City and Atlin, via rail and ocean, rail and river. No hardships via C.P.R. route. Through tickets; cheap rates.

For information and full particulars apply to nearest agent or address

ROBERT KERR,
Traffic Manager,
Winnipeg.

CREAMERY BUTTER.

The undersigned is now prepared to supply fresh creamery butter (Moose Jaw brand) in one pound prints, at the rate of 20 cents per pound for small lots.

ALEX. BRECHIN.

CONTRACTING AND BUILDING.

The undersigned is prepared to take contracts for building and all kinds of carpenter work. Plans and specifications furnished. Satisfaction guaranteed. Leave word at residence (J. W. Glassford's house) near Presbyterian Manse.

46-9p F. H. STRONG.

R. L. SLATER'S

MERCHANT TAILOR.

FOR SALE.

A few cabbage plants for sale. Apply to R. West, Moose Jaw. 49p.